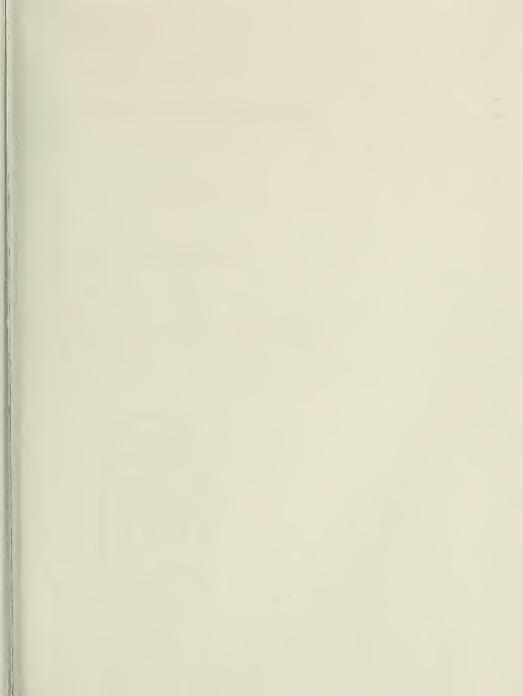
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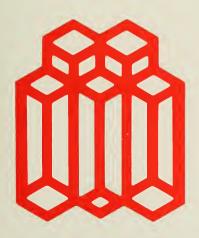
1987 Census of Mineral Industries

MIC87-A-7

GEOGRAPHIC AREA SERIES

West South Central States

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas, Northern Gulf of Mexico Offshore



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If you have any questions concerning the statistics in this report, call (301) 763-5938.



1987

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Issued August 1990



U.S. Department of Commerce Robert A. Mosbacher, Secretary Thomas J. Murrin, Deputy Secretary Michael R. Darby, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

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INTRODUCTION

PURPOSE AND USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUSES

The economic censuses are the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy. They provide essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public.

Economic censuses furnish an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross national product, input-output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short-term changes in economic conditions.

Policy-making agencies of the Federal Government use the data, especially in monitoring economic activity and providing assistance to business.

State and local governments use the data to assess business activities and tax bases within their jurisdictions and to develop programs to attract business.

Trade associations study trends in their own and competing industries, and keep their members informed of market changes.

Individual businesses use the data to locate potential markets and to analyze their own production and sales performance relative to industry or area averages.

AUTHORITY AND SCOPE

Title 13 of the United States Code (sections 131, 191, and 224) directs the Census Bureau to take the economic censuses every 5 years, covering years ending in 2 and 7. The 1987 Economic Censuses consist of the

Census of Retail Trade

Census of Wholesale Trade

Census of Service Industries

Census of Transportation

Census of Manufactures

Census of Mineral Industries

Census of Construction Industries

Special programs also cover enterprise statistics and minority-owned and women-owned businesses. (The 1987 Census of Agriculture and 1987 Census of Governments are conducted separately.) The next economic censuses are scheduled to be taken in 1993 covering the year 1992.

AVAILABILITY OF THE DATA

The results of each of the economic censuses are available in printed reports, for sale by the U.S. Government Printing Office, and on microfiche, computer tape, compact discs with read-only memory, and flexible diskettes, for sale by the Census Bureau. Order forms for all types of products are available on request from Customer Services, Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233. A more complete description of publications being issued from this census is on the inside back cover of this document.

Census facts are also widely disseminated by trade associations, business journals, and newspapers. Volumes containing census statistics are available in most major public and college libraries. Finally, State Data Centers in every State and Business and Industry Data Centers in many States also supply economic census statistics.

WHAT'S NEW IN 1987

Several changes have taken place for the 1987 censuses. Data will be reported on the basis of the newly revised Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system with selected reports including "bridge tables," linking the old and new classification systems. A new set of metropolitan areas has been adopted, and more detailed information will be available for businesses with no paid employees. For additional information on these changes, review the subsequent text.

HISTORICAL INFORMATION

The economic censuses have been taken together as an integrated program at 5-year intervals since 1967, and before that for 1963, 1958, and 1954. Prior to that time, the individual censuses were taken separately at varying intervals.

The economic censuses trace their beginnings to the 1810 Decennial Census, when guestions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Coverage of economic activities was expanded for 1840 and subsequent censuses to include mining and some commercial activities. In 1902, Congress established a permanent Census Bureau and directed that a census of manufactures be taken every 5 years. The 1905 manufactures census was the first time a census was taken apart from the regular every-10-year population census.

The first census of business was taken in 1930, covering 1929. Initially it covered retail and wholesale trade, and construction industries, but it was broadened in 1933 to include some of the service trades.

The 1954 economic censuses were the first to be fully integrated—providing comparable census data across economic sectors, using consistent time periods, concepts, definitions, classifications, and reporting units. These were the first censuses to be taken by mail, using lists of firms provided by the administrative records of other federal agencies. Since 1963, administrative records have also been used to provide basic statistics as well for very small firms, reducing or eliminating the need to send them census questionnaires. The Enterprise Statistics Program, which publishes combined data from the economic censuses, was made possible with the implementation of the integrated census program in 1954.

The range of industries covered in the economic censuses has continued to expand. The Census of Construction Industries began on a regular basis in 1967, and the scope of service industries was broadened in 1967, 1977, and 1987. The Census of Transportation began in 1963 as a set of surveys covering travel, transportation of commodities, and trucks. New for 1987 are publications reporting on business establishments engaged in several transportation industries, paralleling the data on establishments in other sectors. This is part of a gradual expansion in coverage of industries previously subjected to government regulation. The Survey of Minority-Owned Business Enterprises was first conducted as a special project in 1969 and was incorporated into the economic censuses in 1972 along with the Survey of Women-Owned Businesses.

Economic censuses have also been taken in Puerto Rico since 1909, in the Virgin Islands and Guam since 1958, and in the Northern Mariana Islands since 1982.

Statistical reports from the 1982 and earlier censuses provide historical figures for the study of long-term time series, and are available in some large libraries. All of the census data published since 1967 are still available for sale on microfiche from the Census Bureau.

AVAILABILITY OF MORE FREQUENT ECONOMIC DATA

While the censuses provide complete enumerations every 5 years, there are many needs for more frequent data as well. The Census Bureau conducts a number of monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* (retail and wholesale trade and service industries), the *Annual Survey of Manufactures, Current Industrial Reports*, and the *Quarterly Financial Report.* Most of these surveys, while providing more frequent

observations, yield less kind-of-business and geographic detail than the censuses. The *County Business Patterns* program offers annual statistics on the number of establishments, employment, and payroll classified by industry within each county.

SOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information about the scope, coverage, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the *Guide to the 1987 Economic Censuses and Related Statistics*. More information on the methodology, procedures, and history of the censuses will be published in the *History of the 1987 Economic Censuses*. Contact Customer Services for information on availability.

CENSUS OF MINERAL INDUSTRIES

General

This report, from the 1987 Census of Mineral Industries, is one of a series of nine geographic division reports, each of which provides statistics for individual States within a defined geographic area. Additional separate reports are issued for individual industries or groups of related industries and for special subjects, such as fuels and electric energy consumed.

The introduction to the *General Summary* discusses, at greater length, many of the subjects described in this introduction. For example, the *General Summary* text will discuss the economic significance of the mining sector, the relation of value added by mining to value added by manufacture, some of the changes in statistical concepts over the history of the census, and the valuation problems arising from intracompany transfers between mining establishments, manufacturing plants, and sales offices and sales branches of a company.

Scope of Census and Definition of Mineral Industries

The 1987 Census of Mineral Industries covers all establishments with one paid employee or more primarily engaged in mining as defined in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual¹. This is the system of industrial classification developed by experts on classification in Government and private industry under the guidance of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget. This classification system is used by Government agencies as well as many organizations outside the Government.

¹Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1987. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00314-2.

The SIC Manual defines mining in the broad sense to include the extraction of minerals occurring naturally: solids such as coal and ores, liquids such as crude petroleum, and gases such as natural gas. The term "mining" is used in the broad sense to include quarrying. well operation, milling (crushing, screening, washing, flotation, etc.), and other preparations needed to make minerals marketable. Exploration is included as is the development of mineral properties. Services performed on a contract, fee, or other basis in the exploration and development of mineral properties are classified separately but within this division.

Mining operations are classified by industry on the basis of the principal mineral produced or, if there is no production, on the basis of the principal mineral for which exploration or development work is in progress. The recovery of material from culm banks, ore dumps, and other waste mineral piles is classified in the appropriate mining industry according to the mineral product recovered.

The crushing, grinding, or other treatment of certain earths, rocks, and other nonmetallic minerals not in conjunction with mining activities is not included in this division but is classified as manufacturing. Hauling and other transportation beyond the mine property and contract hauling (except out of open pits in conjunction with mining) also are excluded.

Mining operations carried on as secondary activities at manufacturing establishments (such as clay pits at clay products plants or sand and gravel operations at readymixed concrete plants) are not within the scope of this census. However, selected data (production workers' wages and hours; total cost of supplies, fuels, electric energy, and contract work; and quantity of production for mined products) on such mining activities have been obtained in the 1987 Census of Manufactures and are included in the mining reports. They are clearly specified wherever included.

Establishment Basis of Reporting

The census of mineral industries covers each mining establishment of firms with one paid employee or more operating in the United States. A company operating more than one establishment is required to file a separate report for each location. A mineral establishment is defined as a single physical location where mineral operations are conducted.

For oil and gas field operations and for contract services, the basis for reporting is different from the "establishment" basis used for other types of mining. Firms operating oil and gas wells, drilling wells, or exploring for oil and gas for their own account were required to submit a separate report for each State or offshore area adjacent to a State in which it conducted such activities. Firms that performed contract services for oil and gas field operations or for mining establishments were required to submit one report covering all such activities in the United States and to include information on receipts for services and productionworker wages and hours, by State. These consolidated reports were then allocated to State establishments based on the data reported at the State level. The 1987 figures for establishments include the summation of operations for each State allocated from these nationwide reports.

Use of Administrative Records

From a mailout universe of about 34,000 mining establishments, approximately 12,000 small single-establishment companies were not mailed a questionnaire. For these establishments, some employment, payroll, and receipts data were obtained from the administrative records of other agencies. Selection of the small establishment nonmail cases was done on an industry-by-industry basis, and a variable cutoff was used to determine those establishments for which administrative records were to be used in place of a census report. This information was then used in conjunction with industry averages and other information to estimate the statistics for administrative-record and nonresponse establishments. The first column in tables 2a and 5 provides an indication of the extent that these establishments account for the figures shown. The value of shipments and receipts and cost of supplies were generally not distributed among specific products and supplies for these establishments, but were included in the product and supply "not specified by kind" categories. Overall, establishments for which administrative-record data were used accounted for less than 2 percent of total value of shipments and receipts.

The industry classification codes included in the administrativerecord files were used for those establishments excused from filing census forms. Generally, these codes were assigned on the basis of brief descriptions of the general activity of the establishment. Where the description was incomplete, or where there were relatively fine lines of demarcation among industries or between mining and nonmining activities, the code assigned to an establishment could differ from that which would have been assigned on the basis of more complete product or activity information. Therefore, the total establishment count should be viewed as an approximate measure. The counts for establishments with 20 employees or more are far more reliable.

In the 1987 census, as in the 1982, 1977, and 1972 censuses, data for single-unit firms without paid employees were excluded. This exclusion had only a slight effect on industry aggregates for most industries. Data for firms without employees were included in the 1963, 1958, and 1954 censuses if they reported more than \$500 in (1) value of shipments and receipts, (2) cost of supplies and purchased machinery, or (3) capital expenditures.

Auxiliaries

Statistics for employment and payroll for individual industries and industry groups also include employment and payroll figures for administrative offices, warehouses. storage facilities, and other auxiliary establishments servicing mining establishments. As in previous censuses, respondents were asked to file separate reports (form ES-9200) for any separately operated auxiliary establishments. Classification of employment and payroll data at such auxiliary establishments was based on the mining establishments served.

Industry Classification of Establishments

Each of the establishments covered in the census was classified in 1 of 31 mineral industries in accordance with the industry definitions in the 1987 SIC Manual. The 1987 edition of this manual represents a major revision for mineral industries from the 1972 edition and its 1977 supplement. Appendix A of the 1987 manual notes the revisions in the four-digit industry levels between 1972/77 and 1987.

An industry is generally defined as a group of establishments producing the same product or closely related group of products. The resulting group of establishments must be significant in terms of its number, value added by mining, value of shipments and receipts, number of employees, and payroll. Application of these criteria led to formulation of 31 mining industries for 1987, and each was assigned a four-digit code. This represents a reduction of four-digit industries from 42 in 1972/77. The classification system also provides broader groups of industries, with 20 threedigit groups and 4 two-digit groups. Within industries, the system provides for seven-digit products and five-digit product classes. Products are considered primary to an industry if the first four digits of the product codes are the same as the industry code. Products whose first four code numbers differ from the industry code are called secondary products. To determine the industry classification of an establishment, the seven-digit products are grouped together according to the first four digits of the product code. The first four digits of the group of products with the largest value of production become the industry code for the establishment. (For mineral service industries, the classification is on the basis of receipts for services performed.)

In most industries, establishments making products falling into the same industry category use a variety of processes. Separate statistics are provided on the various types of operation. Whenever possible, separate figures are shown for establishments with mines only, mines with preparation plants, and preparation plants only. Separate figures are provided by type of mine (underground, open pit, and combination). Separate statistics also are provided on producing and nonproducing operations, an establishment being defined as nonproducing if no mineral products were shipped during the year.

Statistics usually are provided on the production of minerals mined and used in the same establishment for producing prepared minerals or used at the producing establishment for fuel.

Differences in the integration of production processes and types of operation should be considered when relating

the general items (employment, payrolls, value added, etc.) to the product and material data.

CENSUS DISCLOSURE RULES

In accordance with Federal law governing census reports, no data are published that would disclose the data for an individual establishment or company. However, the number of establishments classified in a specific industry is not considered a disclosure, so this information may be released even though other information is withheld.

The disclosure analysis for the State statistics in the tables of this report is based on the total value of shipments and receipts and capital expenditures. When the total value of shipments and receipts cannot be shown without disclosing information for individual companies, the complete line is suppressed. If capital expenditures alone is a disclosure, only total capital expenditures and cost of supplies statistics are suppressed. However, the suppressed data are included in higher-level totals.

SPECIAL TABULATIONS

Special tabulations of data collected in the 1987 Census of Mineral Industries may be obtained on computer tape or in tabular form. The data will be in summary form and subject to the same rules prohibiting disclosure of confidential information (including name, address, kind of business, or other data for individual business establishments or companies) as are the regular publications. Special tabulations are prepared on a cost basis. A request for a cost estimate, as well as exact specifications on the type and format of the data to be provided, should be directed to the Chief, Industry Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in this publication:

- Represents zero.
- (D) Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
- (NA) Not available.
- (NC) Not comparable.
- (S) Withheld because estimate did not meet publication standards on the basis of either the response rate or a consistency review.
- (X) Not applicable.
- (Z) Less than half the unit shown.
- do Ditto.
- n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified.
- n.s.k. Not specified by kind.
- r Revised.
- SIC Standard Industrial Classification.

Other abbreviations, such as lb, gal, yd, and bbl, are used in the customary sense. Where the term "tons" only is used, it refers to short tons of 2,000 pounds; where the figures are expressed in tons of 2,240 pounds, the unit of measure is specified as "long tons" or "I tons."

CONTACTS FOR DATA USERS

Subject Area	Contact	Phone
Mineral Industries-Five- year industry and product statistics	Minerals Branch Industry Division Bureau of the Census	(301) 763-5938

Subject Area	Contact	Phone
Mineral Indus-	Bureau of Mines	
tries-Annual	Metals	(202) 634-1055
product statis- tics (domestic	Nonmetallic minerals	(202) 634-1202
and interna- tional) except	International	(202) 632-8970
fuels		
Mineral Indus- tries- Coal and oil and gas pro- duction	National Energy Information Center (NEIC) staff Department of Energy	(202) 586-8800
To order any Census Bureau publication	Customer Services (DUSD) Bureau of the Census	(301) 763-4100
Import/Export publications	Foreign Trade Division	(301) 763-5140

Users' Guide for Locating Statistics in This Report by Table Number

[For explanation of terms, see appendix]

ltem	State historical	State by industry	State by industry group and type of operation	State summary	State by county and industry group	State by county and establishment size
Establishments: Total number Employment size.	1	2a, 2b	3	4 4	5	6
Employment and payroll: Number of employees	1 1	2a 2a	3	4 4	5 5	
Workers Hours. Wages. Supplemental labor costs	1 1 1	2a 2a, 2b 2a, 2b		4 4 4 4	5 5 5	
Value added, cost of supplies, shipments, and inventories: Value added by mining Cost of supplies Resales, cost and value Purchased fuels consumed.	;	2a 2a, 2b	3	4 4 4 4	5	
Purchased electricity Cost of contract work. Value of shipments and receipts Inventories	1	2a		4 4 4 4	5	
New and used capital expenditures excluding land and rights: Total Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment. Mineral exploration and development	1	2a		4 4 4 4	5	
Rental payments				4		

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Arkansas

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EMF	PLOYMENT-SIZE CLASS STATISTICS	

Number of Mineral Establishments in Major Groups by Employment-Size Class for Counties: 1987_____

6.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The total value of shipments and receipts for the 416 establishments classified in mineral industries in Arkansas was \$1.2 billion in 1987, the same as in 1982. Value added by mining amounted to \$521.3 million in 1987, and payroll in mining amounted to \$92.5 million. All dollar figures shown are in current dollars for the years specified and have not been adjusted for changes in price levels. When making comparisons to prior years,

users should take into consideration the inflation that has occurred.

Mineral industries employment in Arkansas was 4.0 thousand in 1987, or 1 percent of the Nation's total. This is a decrease of 25 percent from 1982. The oil and gas extraction industry led all other mineral industries in the State, accounting for approximately 60 percent of the State's mineral industries employment.

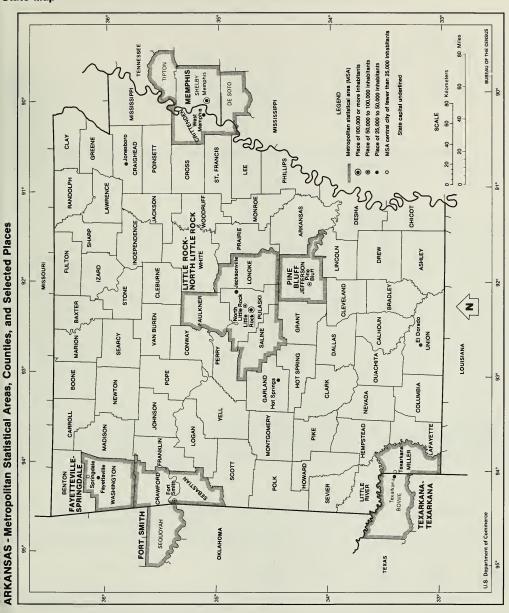




Table 1. Historical Statistics for the State: 1987 and Earlier Census Years

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

982		ents during ear	All emp	oloyees		on, developm loration work			Cost of supplies used.		
Year	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value purcha machir added by instal mining (million (mil		Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)
1987	416 1478 396 288	43 (NA) 66 47	4.0 5.4 4.7 3.7	92.5 115.3 66.0 31.2	2.8 4.1 3.9 3.0	5.8 8.8 8.2 6.1	58.8 86.5 50.7 23.3	521.3 1 015.1 394.9 142.3	852.0 401.2 157.9 57.6	1 231.7 1 201.2 488.6 177.7	141.6 215.0 64.2 22.2

Restated to reflect the 1987 definition of establishments in the crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries.

Table 2a. Mineral Establishment Statistics by Industry for the State: 1987 and 1982

								1987						19	982
SIC			Establishments during year		All employees		Productio expl	n, develop oration wo	ment, and rkers		Cost of supplies				
code	Industry group and industry	E¹	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchased	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)	All em- ployees ² (1,000)	Value added by mining (million dollars)
	All Industries	-	416	43	4.0	92.5	2.8	5.8	58.8	521.3	852.0	1 231.7	141.6	5.4	1 015.1
10	Metal mining	-	7	2	.2	6.7	.2	.3	4.7	13.4	15.2	27.9	.7	.5	18.9
109 1094 1099	Miscellaneous metal ores Uranium-radium-vanadium ores Miscellaneous metal ores, n.e.c	=	5 1 4	2 1 1	AA AA AA	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	000	000	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(NA) AA (NA)	(NA) (D) (NA)
13	Oil and gas extraction	-	318	23	2.4	59.0	1.6	3.3	35.1	409.9	784.9	1 067.1	127.6	4.0	957.3
131 1311	Crude petroleum and natural gas Crude petroleum and natural gas	E1 E1	156 156	11 11	1.2 1.2	32.0 32.0	.6 .6	1.1 1.1	13.8 13.8	349.0 349.0	140.8 140.8	369.5 369.5	120.4 120.4	1.2 1.2	784.7 784.7
138 1381 1389	Oil and gas field services Drilling oil and gas wells Oil and gas field services, n.e.c	E2 E1 E2	159 41 94	12 6 6	SS	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	FF 1.3 1.1	(D) 87.2 62.6
14	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	E1	83	18	1.4	26.1	1.0	2.1	18.4	94.9	50.2	132.1	12.9	.8	33.6
1422 1423	Crushed and broken stone, including riprap	E2 E3	17 9	6 3 1	.4 .2 AA	8.0 3.2 (D)	.3 .1 (D)	.7 .2 (D)	5.9 1.8 (D)	19.5 7.0 (D)	13.3 7.4 (D)	27.5 10.2 (D)	5.4 4.3 (D)	.4 .2 AA	19.0 8.8 (D)
144 1442	Sand and gravel Construction sand and gravel	E3 E3	47 44	7 6	.4 BB	7.2 (D)	.3 (D)	.7 (D)	5.4 (D)	18.3 (D)	13.7 (D)	28.1 (D)	3.9 (D)	.3 AA	10.2 (D)
145 1459	Clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals_ Clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals, n.e.c.	-	7	3 2	88 88	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)
149 1499	Miscellaneous nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	E1	11	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
	except fuels	E1	11	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)

[&]quot;Payroll and sales data for some small single unit companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies after than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate items shown for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a cocount for 10 percent of the property of the property

Table 2b. Mining Activities of Manufacturing Establishments With Associated Mines by Industry for the State: 1987

[Represents data reported for mining activities by establishments classified in manufacturing industries. Figures may be understated due to use of administrative records and short forms. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

			ment, and exploration kers		
Industry group and industry	Establishments during year (number)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Cost of supplies used, etc. (million dollars)	Quantity of production (1,000 s tons)
Nonmetallic mineral mines included in manufactures Crushed and broken stone, including riprap Crushed and broken limestone Gypsum	7 3 3 1	.1 (D) (D) (D)	1.7 (D) (D) (D)	3.5 (D) (D) (D)	(X) (D) (D) (D)

Note: Industries and industry groups with less than 50 thousand hours for employees engaged in production, development, and exploration work are not shown.

Table 3. Selected Statistics by Type of Operation and Industry Group for the State: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

							Produci	ng establishr	ments					
					Mines	only		Min	es with prepa	aration plar	nts			
SIC	Industry group and item	All types of estab-	Total	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion methods, well operations, and other methods	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion and other methods	Sepa- rately operated prepara- tion plants	Undistri- buted ¹	Nonpro- ducing estab- lishments
	ALL INDUSTRIES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	416 4.0 521.3	412 (D) (D)	164 1.2 399.5	1 - (D)	14 (D) (D)	149 (D)	44 .9 43.0	-	41 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	8 (D) (D)	196 1.7 64.7	(D)
0	METAL MINING													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	7 .2 13.4	7 .2 13.4	3 (D) (D)	1 (D)	2 (D) (D)	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	3 (D) (D)	1 (D)	=
04	GOLD AND SILVER ORES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	1 - (D)	1 (D)	1 - (D)	1 - (D)	-	=	<u>-</u>	-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	:
80	METAL MINING SERVICES													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	(D)	1 (D) (D)	=	=	-	-	=	-	-	- -	=	1 (D) (D)	=
9	MISCELLANEOUS METAL ORES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	5 (D) (D)	5 (D) (D)	(D) (D)	=	(D) (D)	-	J.	-	5	-	3 (D) (D)	<u> </u>	:
2	COAL MINING													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	8 (Z) 3.1	8 (Z) 3.1	8 (Z) 3.1	-	8 (Z) 3.1	-	-	=	-	=	-	-	1
22	BITUMINOUS COAL AND LIGNITE MINING													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	8 (Z) 3.1	8 (Z) 3.1	8 (Z) 3.1	-	8 (Z) 3.1	-	=	=	-	=	=	=	Ξ
3	OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION													
	Establishments number Employees 1.000	318 2.4	314 (D)	148	-	_	148	-	-	_	-	3 (D)	163 (D)	4 (D)
31	Employees1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL	409.9	(D)	(D)	-	-	(D)	-	-	-	-	(D)	(D)	(D)
	AND NATURAL GAS Establishments number	150	150	148			148							
	Employees1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	156 1.2 349.0	152 (D) (D)	.8 (D)	=	-	.8 (D)	-	=	-	-	=	(D) -	(D) (D)
32	NATURAL GAS LIQUIDS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	3 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	-	=	-	- -	-	= -	=	<u>-</u> -	3 (D) (D)	<u>-</u>	=
138	OIL AND GAS FIELD SERVICES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	159 (D)	159 (D)	-		=	=	-	Ξ	-	=	-	159 (D)	=

See footnotes at end of table

Table 3. Selected Statistics by Type of Operation and Industry Group for the State: 1987—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

							Producir	ig establishi	ments					
					Mines	only		Min	es with prep	aration pla	nts			
SIC	Industry group and item	All types of estab- lishments	Total	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion methods, well operations, and other methods	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion and other methods	Sepa- rately operated prepara- tion plants	Undistri- buted ¹	Nonpro- ducing estab- lishments
14	NONMETALLIC MINERALS, EXCEPT FUELS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	83 1.4 94.9	83 1.4 94.9	5 (D) (D)	-	(D)	1 (D) (D)	44 .9 43.0	-	41 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	2 (D) (D)	32 .1 8.1	=
142	CRUSHED AND BROKEN STONE, INCLUDING RIPRAP													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000 Value added in mil dol	17 .4 19.5	17 .4 19.5	-	-	- -	=	17 .4 19.5	-	17 .4 19.5	-	:	<u>-</u>	=
144	SAND AND GRAVEL													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	47 .4 18.3	47 .4 18.3	(D) (D)	=	- -	1 (D) (D)	13 .3 7.8	=	10 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	2 (D) (D)	31 (D) (D)	Ξ-
145	CLAY, CERAMIC, AND REFRACTORY MINERALS													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol	7 (D)	7 (D)	3 (D)	=	3 (D) (D)	=	4 (D) (D)	=	4 (D) (D)	-	-	=	=
148	NONMETALLIC MINERALS SERVICES, EXCEPT FUELS													
	Employees 1,000 Value added in	1	1	-	-		-	- 5					1	=
149_	mining mil dol_ MISCELLANEOUS NONMETALLIC MINERALS,	(D)	(D)	-		Ī	-	-			-	-	(D)	-
	EXCEPT FUELS Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol	11 (D) (D)	11 (D)	1 (D) (D)	=	1 (D)	-	10 (D)	=	10 (D)	-	=	-	- 12

^{*}Includes data for separately operated auxiliary establishments in addition to establishments that were not possible to classify based on the information available.

Table 4. Summary Statistics for the State: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Item	1987	Item	1987
Establishments during year number_	416	Cost of supplies mil dol	852.0
With 0 to 19 employeesdo_	373 37	Supplies used, minerals received, and purchased machinery	787.1
With 20 to 99 employeesdo_ With 100 employees or moredo_	6	installeddo	1.0
		Purchased fuels consumeddo	15.2
All employees: Average for year1,000	4.0	Purchased electric energy:	
Payroll for year mil dol	92.5	Quantity mil kWh Cost mil dol	297.9 15.3
Production, development, and exploration workers:		Electric energy generated less sold mil kWh	
Average for year1,000	2.8	Contract work mil dol	(D) 33.3
Marchdo_	2.6 2.8	Cost of purchased communication services do	7
Maydo	2.8		
Augustdo Novemberdo	3.0 2.8	Value of shipments and receiptsdo	1 231.7 1.2
	5.8		1.2
Hours millions January to March do	1.3	Capital expenditures during year (except land and mineral rights) do	141.6
April to Junedo	1.4	New capital expenditures during yeardododododo	40.1
July to September do October to December do	1.5	Machinery and equipmentdo	3.7 3 6 .5
October to December do	1.5		5.115
Wages mil dol	58.8	Used capital expenditures during yeardo Buildings and other structures, except landdo	11.4
Supplemental labor costs not included in payrolldo	17.3	Machinery and equipmentdo	11.0
Legally required expenditures, including Social Security			
contributionsdo	7.8	Mineral exploration and development ¹ do	90.0
Payments for voluntary programs do	9.6	Rental payments during year do	5.6
Value added by miningdo	521.3	Buildings and other structures, except landdo	1.1
Inventories, beginning of 1987do	35.7	Machinery and equipmentdo	4.5
Inventories, end of 1987do	34.2	Expensed mineral exploration, development, land, and rights1 2 do	59.5

Excludes data for mining services industries and natural gas liquids industries where data were not collected. *Excludes data for mineral land and rights for the crude petroleum and natural gas industries where data were not collected.

Table 5. Industry Group Statistics for Counties: 1987

[Data for the crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by county in 1987 and are not included with the data shown by county. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text, For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

				nents during ear	All emp	loyees	Productio expl	n, developm oration work	ent, and ers		Cost of supplies		
SIC code	Geographic area and industry group	E1	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	used, purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)
	Arkansas	-	416	43	4.0	92.5	2.8	5.8	58.8	521.3	852.0	1 231.7	141.6
	Garland County	-	8	3	.3	5.4	.2	.4	3.6	14.7	12.8	26.5	1.0
10 109	Metal mining	-	1	1	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
14 149	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Miscellaneous nonmetallic minerals, except	E1	7	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
140	fuels	-	6	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
	Pulaski County	-	12	4	.5	10.4	.4	.7	7.5	54.3	23.2	74.6	2.8
14 142 145	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	-	10 2 3	4 1 2	BB AA BB	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)
	Saline County	-	5	1	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
10 109	Metal mining	-	3	1	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)

"Payroll and sales data for some small single unit companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate items shown for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a deministrative property and the property of the prope

Table 6. Number of Mineral Establishments in Major Groups by Employment-Size Class for Counties: 1987

[Data for the crude prtroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by county in 1987 and are not included with the data shown by county. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

and symbols, see introductory text		2011 01 1011110,	ooo appone	incol							
Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)	Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)
Arkansas	416	7	8	318	83	Arkansas—Con.					
	241	3	5	200	33	Johnson	1	-	1	-	
0 to 4 employees 5 to 9 employees	72		2	55	15	0 to 19 employees	1	-	1	_	-
10 to 19 employees 20 to 49 employees	60 31	2	1	40 17	17 14	Lawrence		_	_	_	
50 to 99 employees	6	1	Ξ,	4	1 1	0 to 19 employees	3		_	_	,
100 to 249 employees	6	1	-	2	3	20 to 99 employees	1	-			1
Baxter	3	-	-	-	3	Lee		_	_		1
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	1	_	_	_	1
20 to 99 employees	2	-	-	-	2						
Benton	2	-	. 1	-	1	Little River	2	-	-	-	2
0 to 19 employees	2	-	1	-	1	20 to 99 employees	2	-	-	-	2
Calhoun	5	-	-	-	5	Logan	2	-	-	-	2
0 to 19 employees	5	-1	-	_	5	0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	-	2
Clark	1	_	_	_		Miller	1	-	-	_	1
0 to 19 employees			_			0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	_	1
		_	_	_		Montgomery	5				
Columbia	2	-	- 1	2	-		5		_	_	
0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	2	-	0 to 19 employees	"	_	-	_	
Craighead	4	-	-	-	4	Nevada	1	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	4	-	-	-	4	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1
Crawford	1	_		_	_	Pike	1	-	-	-	1
	'					0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	'	_		-	_	Poinsett	4	-	-	-	4
Crittenden	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	4	-	-	-	4
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1	Pulaski	12	2	_	_	10
Cross	2	_	_	_	2	0 to 19 employees	8	2	_	_	6
0 to 19 employees	2	_ 1	_	_	2	20 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees	2 2	=	-	-	2
						100 to 249 employees	2	-	-	-	2
Dallas	1	-	-	-	1	Randolph	1	-	-	-	1
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1
Faulkner	1	-	-	-	1	St. Francis	4	-	-	-	4
20 to 99 employees	1	_	_	_	1	0 to 19 employees	4	-	-	-	4
					_	Saline	5	3	_	_	2
Garland	8	'	-	-	7		4	2		_	2
0 to 19 employees	5				5	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1	1	-	-	=
20 to 99 employees	2	1	-	-	1	Sebastian	8	-	5	-	3
Grant	2	_	_	_	2	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	7	-	5	_	2
0 to 19 employees	2	_	_	_	2	20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1
				-		Stone	1	-	-	-	1
Greene	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1	White	3		-	1	2
Hot Spring	2	-	-	-	2	0 to 19 employees	2	_	_	1	1
0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	-	2	20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1
Independence	3				3	Yell	3	-	-	-	3
		_		_		0 to 19 employees	3	-	-	-	3
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2 1	=	-	Ξ.	2	Undistributed	317	1	_	315	1
Izard	1	_				0 to 19 employees	294	1	_	292	1
		_				20 to 99 employees	21	-	-	21	-
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1	100 to 249 employees	2	-	-	2	-

Data for crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries are excluded from the individual counties and shown at the end of the table as "undistributed."



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Louisiana

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⁻⁻ Not applicable for this report.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The total value of shipments and receipts for the 1,963 establishments classified in mineral industries in Louisiana was \$24.6 billion in 1987, or 16 percent of the Nation's total. This compares to \$43.8 billion in 1982, when it was 18 percent of the Nation's total. Value added by mining amounted to \$16.7 billion in 1987, and payroll in mining amounted to \$1.6 billion. All dollar figures shown are in current dollars for the years specified and have not been adjusted for changes in price levels. When making

comparisons to prior years, users should take into consideration the inflation that has occurred.

Mineral industries employment in Louisiana was 50.7 thousand in 1987, or 7 percent of the Nation's total. This is a decrease of 50 percent from 1982. The oil and gas extraction industry led all other mineral industries in the State, accounting for approximately 95 percent of the State's mineral industries employment.

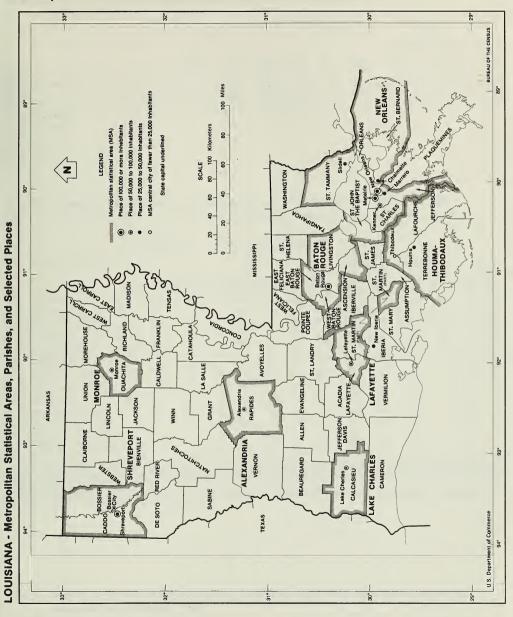




Table 1. Historical Statistics for the State: 1987 and Earlier Census Years

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

		nents during ear	All emp	oloyees		on, developm loration work			Cost of supplies		
Year	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)
1987	1 963 12 553 1 640 1 340	425 (NA) 488 443	50.7 102.4 63.1 49.6	1 593.9 2 694.4 1 058.3 537.6	32.3 69.2 45.1 34.2	69.2 154.1 94.5 74.1	873.0 1 703.0 692.5 333.8	16 655.7 33 117.0 11 981.1 5 529.1	11 005.9 19 953.2 8 656.1 3 316.8	24 629.7 43 786.1 16 646.5 7 614.1	3 032.0 9 284.1 3 990.8 1 231.9

¹Restated to reflect the 1987 definition of establishments in the crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries.

Table 2a. Mineral Establishment Statistics by Industry for the State: 1987 and 1982

lindustries and industry groups with 100 employees or more are shown. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes

								1987						15	982
				shments ig year	All emp	oloyees	Production expli	n, develop	ment, and kers		Cost of supplies used.				
SIC	Industry group and industry	E¹	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)		Value added by mining (million dollars)
	All Industries	-	1 963	425	50.7	1 593.9	32.3	69.2	87 3.0	16 655.7	11 005.9	24 629.7	3 032.0	102.4	33 117.0
13	Oil and gas extraction	-	1 871	402	48.4	1 538.7	30.6	65.6	834.8	16 408.3	10 908.5	24 310.9	3 006.0	99.1	32 919.8
131 1311	Crude petroleum and natural gas Crude petroleum and natural gas	-	604 604	115 115	23.4 23.4	909.2 909.2	11.0 11.0	22.8 22.8	376.1 376.1	14 395.1 14 395.1	3 794.3 3 794.3	15 343.4 15 343.4	2 846.0 2 846.0	31.8 31.8	26 573.5 26 573.5
132 1321	Natural gas liquids Natural gas liquids	-	74 74	22 22	1.2 1.2	39.8 39.8	.9 .9	2.0 2.0	32.6 32.6	744.1 744.1	6 499.0 6 499.0	7 213.6 7 213.6	29.5 29.5	1.6 1.6	1 873.7 1 873.7
138 1381 1382	Oil and gas field services Drilling oil and gas wells Oil and gas field exploration	E1 E1	1 193 215	265 81	23.9 9.0	589.7 224.9	18.7 7.4	40.8 15.0	426.1 169.0	1 269.1 436.0	615.3 273.4	1 753.8 641.6	130.5 67.8	65.6 27.2	4 472.6 2 179.0
1389		E1 E2	153 825	16 168	1.3 13.6	40.3 324.4	1.1 10.2	2.2 23.6	28.8 228.3	96.9 736.3	47.0 294.9	134.6 977.6	9.2 53.6	5.1 33.4	260.3 2 033.3
14	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	-	84	21	EE	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	FF	(D)
144 1442	Sand and gravel Construction sand and gravel	E2 E2	62 56	8 6	.7 .6	11.6 9.8	.5 .4	1.0 .9	8.5 7.2	30.4 25.9	17.5 14.2	45.4 37.9	2.6 2.2	1.0 .9	41.4 38.0
147 1479	Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining _ Chemical and fertilizer mineral	-	13	8	1.1	31.8	.8	1.7	21.0	146.3	60.6	185.7	21.2	EE	(D)
	mining, n.e.c.	-	13	8	1.1	31.8	.8	1.7	21.0	146.3	60.6	185.7	21.2	(NA)	(NA)
149	Miscellaneous nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Miscellaneous nonmetallic minerals,	-	6	4	BB	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	BB	(D)
,	except fuels	-	6	4	BB	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	BB	(D)

"Payroll and sales data for some small single unit companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate items shown for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a account for 10 percent or more of figures shown. E1-10 to 19 percent; E2-20 to 29 percent; E3-30 to 39 percent, E4-40 to 49 percent; E5-50 to 59 percent; E5-50 to 89 percent; E9-90 percent or more. "General statistics for some industries and industry groups are withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies. However, for such industries and industry groups with 100 enployees or more, uniber of establishments is shown and employment-size range is indicated by one of the following symbols: AA-100 to 249 employees, E8-250 to 499 employees, CC-500 to 999 employees, EF-1,000 to 2,499 employees, FF-250 employees.

Table 2b. Mining Activities of Manufacturing Establishments With Associated Mines by Industry for the State: 1987

[Not applicable]

Table 3. Selected Statistics by Type of Operation and Industry Group for the State: 1987

							Producin	ng establishn	nents					
					Mines	only		Mine	s with prepa	ration plan	nts			
SIC code	Industry group and item	All types of estab-	Total	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion methods, well operations, and other methods	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion and other methods	Sepa- rately operated prepara- tion plants	Undistri- buted ¹	Nonpro- ducing estab- lishments
	ALL INDUSTRIES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	1 963 50.7 16 655.7	1 927 (D)	536 16.8 14 497.2	-	4 (D) (D)	532 (D) (D)	42 1.6 137.1	3 (D) (D)	36 .7 67.2	3 (D) (D)	68 (D) (D)	1 281 30.9 1 276.9	36 (D)
10	METAL MINING													
	Establishments number Employees1,000 Value added in mil dol	(D)	(D)	-	=	-	<u>-</u> -	-	=	-	-	-	4 (D) (D)	=
104	GOLD AND SILVER ORES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	3 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	=	-	-	-	=	3 (D) (D)	-
108	METAL MINING SERVICES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	1 (D) (D)	1 (D) (D)	=	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	1 (D) (D)	<u>-</u>
12	COAL MINING													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	4 (D) (D)	4 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	=	3 (D) (D)	= -	1 (D) (D)	=	1 (D) (D)	- -	-	:	=
122	BITUMINOUS COAL AND LIGNITE MINING													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	(D)	(D)	3 (D) (D)	-	3 (D) (D)	-	(D)	=	1 (D) (D)	_ =	=	-	=
13	OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	1 871 48.4 16 408.3	1 836 (D) (D)	528 (D) (D)	=	-	528 (D) (D)	-	=	-	=	68 (D) (D)	1 240 30.5 1 269.1	35 (D) (D)
131	CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	604 23.4 14 395.1	573 (D) (D)	528 (D) (D)	=	-	528 (D) (D)	=	=	- -	-	=	45 (D) -	31 (D) (D)
132	NATURAL GAS LIQUIDS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	74 1.2 744.1	70 (D) (D)	-	= -	:	:	=	=	-	-	68 (D)	(D) -	4 (D) (D)
138	OIL AND GAS FIELD SERVICES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	1 193 23.9 1 269.1	1 193 23.9	=	Ξ	Ξ	=	=	=	Ξ	=	=	1 193 23.9 1 269.1	=

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Selected Statistics by Type of Operation and Industry Group for the State: 1987-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

							Produc	ing establish	ments					
					Mines	only		Mir	nes with prep	paration plan	nts			
SIC code	Industry group and item	All types of estab-	Total	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion methods, well operations, and other methods	Totał	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion and other methods	Sepa- rately operated prepara- tion plants	Undistri- buted¹	i lonpro- ducing estab- lishments
14	NONMETALLIC MINERALS, EXCEPT FUELS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	84 (D) (D)	83 (D) (D)	5 (D) (D)	=	1 - (D)	4 (D) (D)	41 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	35 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)		37 (D) (D)	1 (D) (D)
142	CRUSHED AND BROKEN STONE, INCLUDING RIPRAP													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	1 (D) (D)	1 (D) (D)	=	= -	:	- -	1 (D) (D)	=	1 (D) (D)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	: -	= -
144	SAND AND GRAVEL													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in	62 .7 30.4	62 .7 30.4	=	Ξ	1	-	30 .5	Ξ	30 .5	Ξ	-	32	Ξ
145	miningmil dol CLAY, CERAMIC, AND REFRACTORY MINERALS	30.4	30.4	_	-	-	~	23.7	-	23.7	-	-	6.8	-
	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	1 (D)	1 (D) (D)	=	=	:	- -	1 (D) (D)	-	1 (D) (D)	-	-	<u>-</u>	- -
147	CHEMICAL AND FERTILIZER MINERAL MINING													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in minIng mil dol_	13 1.1 146.3	12 (D) (D)	5 (D) (D)	-	1 - (D)	4 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	-	-	- -	(D) -	1 (D) (D)
148	NONMETALLIC MINERALS SERVICES, EXCEPT FUELS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mil dol	1 (D) (D)	1 (D) (D)	<u>-</u>	-	Ξ	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	=	-	-	:	1 (D) (D)	=
149	MISCELLANEOUS NONMETALLIC MINERALS, EXCEPT FUELS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	6 (D)	6 (D)	=	-	Ξ	Ξ	6 (D)	Ξ	3 (D) (D)	3 (D)	Ξ	=	Ξ

*Includes data for separately operated auxiliary establishments in addition to establishments that were not possible to classify based on the information available.

Table 4. Summary Statistics for the State: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Item	1987	· Item	1987
Establishments during yearnumber_	1 963	Cost of suppliesmil dol	11 005.9
With 0 to 19 employeesdo	1 538 316	Cost of suppliesmil dol Supplies used, minerals received, and purchased machinery installed do	9 250.0
With 20 to 99 employees do With 100 employees or more do	109	Resales do	21.6 194.2
	100	Purchased electric energy:	154.2
All employees:	50.7	Quantity mil kWh	1 178.9
Average for year1,000_ Payroll for yearmil dol	1 593.9	Costmil dol Electric energy generated less sold mil kWh	52.9 1 571.8
Production, development, and exploration workers:		Contract workmil dol	1 487.2
Average for year1,000	32.3		
March do	30.9	Cost of purchased communication services do	26.3
May do	31.6	Value of shipments and receiptsdododo	24 629.7
August do November do_	32.7 33.6	Value of resales do	26.0
	69.2	Capital expenditures during year (except land and mineral rights) do	3 032.0
Hoursmillions January to Marchdo	16.4	New capital expenditures during year do	1 316.8
April to June do	16.8	New capital expenditures during year	121.0
July to September do	17.8		
October to December do	18.3	Used capital expenditures during year do	79.6
Wagesmil dol	873.0	Buildings and other structures, except land do_ Machinery and equipment do_	5.1 74.5
Supplemental labor costs not included in payroll do	298.4		
Legally required expenditures, including Social Security contributions do	135.7	Mineral exploration and development1 do	1 635.6
Payments for voluntary programs do	162.7	Rental payments during year do	214.3
Value added by mining do	16 655.7	Buildings and other structures, except land do	35.5
Inventories, beginning of 1987 do	529.3	Machinery and equipment do	178.8
Inventories, end of 1987 do	497.0	Expensed mineral exploration, development, land, and rights1 2 do	811.8

¹Excludes data for mining services industries and natural gas liquids industries where data were not collected. ²Excludes data for mineral land and rights for the crude petroleum and natural gas industries where data were not collected.

Table 5. Industry Group Statistics for Parishes: 1987

[Data for the crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by parish in 1987 and are not included with the data shown by parish. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

				nents during ear	All emp	loyees	Productio expl	n, developm oration work	ent, and		Cost of supplies		
SIC code	Geographic area and industry group	Ε¹	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	used, purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)
	Louislana	-	1 963	425	50.7	1 593.9	32.3	69.2	873.0	16 655.7	11 005.9	24 629.7	3 032.0
	Acadia Parish	-	6	3	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
13 132	Oll and gas extraction Natural gas liquids	-	6 6	3 3	AA AA	(D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Cameron Parish	-	8	3	.1	3.9	.1	.2	3.3	107.7	631.1	735.7	3.2
13 132	Oll and gas extraction Natural gas liquids	=	8 8	3	.1 .1	3.9 3.9	.1 .1	.2 .2	3.3 3.3	107.7 107.7	631.1 631.1	735.7 735.7	3.2 3.2
	East Baton Rouge Parish	-	11	2	.1	2.5	.1	.2	1.9	11.2	42.6	52.7	1.2
14 144	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Sand and gravel	E4 E4	9 8	2 2	AA AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Iberia Parish	-	3	3	cc	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
14 147	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	-	2 2	2 2	CC	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Jefferson Parish	-	4	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
14 147	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	-	3	2 2	AA AA	(D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Orleans Parish	-	5	3	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
14 149	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	-	3 2	3 2	AA AA	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)
	Plaquemines Parish	_	6	3	ВВ	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
14 147	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	-	2 2	2 2	AA AA	(D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	St. Bernard Parish	-	3	3	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
13 132	Oll and gas extraction Natural gas liquids	-	3 3	3	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	St. Mary Parish	-	9	4	.4	7.7	.4	.7	6.9	72.0	875.4	945.8	1.6
13 132	Oil and gas extraction	-	7	2 2	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
14 147 149	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	-	2 1	2	BB AA	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	fuels	-	1	1	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Industry Group Statistics for Parishes: 1987-Con.

[Data for the crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by parish in 1987 and are not included with the data shown by parish. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

				nents during ear	All emp	loyees		n, developm oration work			Cost of supplies		
SIC code	Geographic area and industry group	E1	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	used, purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)
	Louisiana — Con. Vermillon Parish	-	6	2	.1	4.7	.1	.2	3.7	73.7	620.4	690.7	3.3
13 132	Oil and gas extraction	-	6	2 2	.1 .1	4.7 4.7	.1 .1	. 2 .2	3. 7 3.7	73.7 73.7	620.4 620.4	690.7 690.7	3.3 3.3
	Webster Parish	-	5	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
	Offshore	-	188	88	13.0	406.7	10.4	22.6	310.6	8 694.8	2 246.0	9 229.6	1 711.2
13 131 138	Oil and gas extraction Crude petroleum and natural gas Oil and gas field services	=	188 34 154	88 19 69	13.0 5.1 7.9	406.7 194.4 212.3	10.4 3.9 6.5	22.6 8.3 14.3	310.6 145.9 164.7	8 694.8 8 247.8 447.0	2 246.0 2 022.9 223.1	9 229.6 8 617.1 612.5	1 711.2 1 653.6 57.6

Payroll and sales data for some small single unit companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies after than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate terms shown for these small establishments. This rechnique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were stabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data based on administrative-record data to 10 to 10 percent. E8—80 to 10 89 percent. E9—90 percent of percent. E9—20 to 29 percent. E9—30 to 39 percent. E9—40 to 49 percent. E9—50 to 59 percent. E9—60 to 69 percent. E9—60 to 69 percent. E9—60 to 80 percent. E

Table 6. Number of Mineral Establishments in Major Groups by Employment-Size Class for Parishes: 1987

[Data for the crude prtroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by parish in 1997 and are not included with the data shown by parish. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)	Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)
Louisiana	1 963	4	4	1 871	84	Louisiana—Con.					
0 to 4 employees	957		3	931	22	Cameron	8	-	-	8	-
5 to 9 employees	322	ż	-	299	21	0 to 19 employees	5	-	-	5	-
10 to 19 employees	259	-	-	239	20	20 to 99 employees	3	-	-	3	-
20 to 49 employees 50 to 99 employees	240 76	1	-	229 70	10	Catahoula	3	_	_		_
100 to 249 employees	72			67	5			- 1	- 1	_	,
250 to 499 employees	23	-	-	22	1	0 to 19 employees	3	-	-	-	3
500 to 999 employees	10	-	-	10	-	Clalborne	2	_	_	2	_
1,000 to 2,499 employees	4	-	-	4	-			-	_	_	
Acadia	6	_	_	6		0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	2	-
	-			Ĭ		De Soto	1	_	1	_	-
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	3	-	-	3	-	20 to 99 employees					
20 to 39 employees	3	_	-	3	_	20 to 99 employees	' '	-		-	-
Allen	2	_	-	-	2	East Baton Rouge	11	-1	1	1	9
0 to 19 employees	2	_			. 2	O to 10 omeleuses	9				7
o to 19 employees		_	-	-	2	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2		- 1		2
Ascension	3	_	-	2	1		-				-
0.110						East Feliciana	1	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2			1	1 1	0 to 19 employees	1	_	_	_	1
20 to 00 omploy000				i i		o to 10 omployood IIIIII				_	
Assumption	1	-	-		1	Evangeline	2	-	-	2	-
0 to 19 employees	1	_	_	_	1	0 to 19 employees		_ 1	_ 1	2	
O to 13 employees		_	_	_		o to 13 employees	٤	- 1	-	-	_
Beauregard	5	-	-	-	5	Grant	1	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	4					20 to 99 employees					
20 to 99 employees	1 1		I I		i	20 to 99 employees	' '	-	-	-	1
						Iberia	3	-	-	1	2
Bienville	2	-	-	1	1	20 to 99 employees		j			
0 to 19 employees	2	_	_ :	1	1	100 to 249 employees	- 1			- 1	ī
	_			· ·	i i	250 employees or more	1	-	-	-	i
Bossler	2	- 1	-	2	-		_				
0 to 19 employees	2		_	9	_	Iberville	2	-	- [2	-
o to 15 disployees	_			_		0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-
Caddo	3	1	1	-	1	20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	1	-
0 to 19 employees	3	1	1		1	Jefferson					
			i i	_			4	-	-	1	3
Calcasleu	5	-	-	3	2	0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	1	1
0 to 19 employees	5	_	_	3	2	20 to 99 employees	- 1				1

See footnotes at end of table

Table 6. Number of Mineral Establishments in Major Groups by Employment-Size Class for Parishes: 1987—Con.

[Data for the crude prtroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by parish in 1987 and are not included with the data shown by parish. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

and symbols, see introductory text.	1 OI CAPIGITAL	on or terms,	occ append	ixeej							
Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)	Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)
Louisiana—Con. Jefferson Davis	2	_	_	1	1	Louisiana—Con. St. John the Baptist	1	_	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	2	- 1	4 _	1	1	0 to 19 employees	1	-	_		1
Lafayette	7	1	_	2	4	St. Landry	3	_	1	1	1
0 to 19 employees	6	1	-	2	3	0 to 19 employees	3	-	1	1	1
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1	St. Martin	3	_	2	3	_
Lafourche	3	-	-	2	1	0 to 19 employees	3	_	_	3	_
0 to 19 employees	3	-	-	2	1	St. Mary	9	_	_	7	,
Lincoln	2	-	- [2	-	0 to 19 employees	5	_		5	1
0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	2	-	20 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees	2 2	-	-	2	-
Livingston	3	-	-	-	3		_			-	2
0 to 19 employees	3	-	-	-	3	St. Tammany	4	-	-	-	4
Natchitoches	3	-	-	1	2	0 to 19 employees	4	-	-	ac "	4
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2	-	-	-	2	Tangipahoa	3	-	-	-	3
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	3	-	-	-	3
Orleans	5	1	-	1	3	Terrebonne	2	-	-	2	-
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2 3	1		1	- 3	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees			-	1	
	2				2	Vermilion				6	
Ouachita	2 2	-	•	-	2		6	-	-	4	-
0 to 19 employees	_	-	-	-		0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2	Ξ,	-	2	Ξ.
Plaquemines	6	-	-1	4	2	Vernon	1	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2			1	1	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1
100 to 249 employees	1	-	-	-	1	Washington	8	_	_	_	8
Pointe Coupee	3	-	-	2	1	0 to 19 employees	6	-	_	_	6
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2	- 1		2	-	20 to 99 employees	2	-	-	-	2
		-	-			Webster	5	-	-	2	3
Rapides 0 to 19 employees	4		-	-	4	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	- 2	1
	1 1	-	-	_	4			-	_	- 2	
Red River	1	-	-	-	1	West Feliciana	1	-	-	-	
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	'	-	-	-	1
Richiand	2	-	-	1	1	Winn	1	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	1	1	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1
St. Bernard	3	_	_	3	_	Offshore	188	-	-	188	-
20 to 99 employees	3	_	_	3	_	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	100 51	-		100 51	
St. Charles	3			2		100 to 249 employees 250 employees or more	25 12	_	-	25 12	-
	2	-	-	3	_			_			
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1			1		Undistributed	1 611	1	-	1 609	1
St. Helena	1	_	_	_	1	0 to 19 employees	1 318 227	1		1 317 226	1 -
0 to 19 employees					1	100 to 249 employees 250 employees or more	42 24	_	_	42 24	-
omployood	L					and ample of the control of the cont	4				

Data for crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries are excluded from the individual parishes and shown at the end of the table as "undistributed."

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Oklahoma

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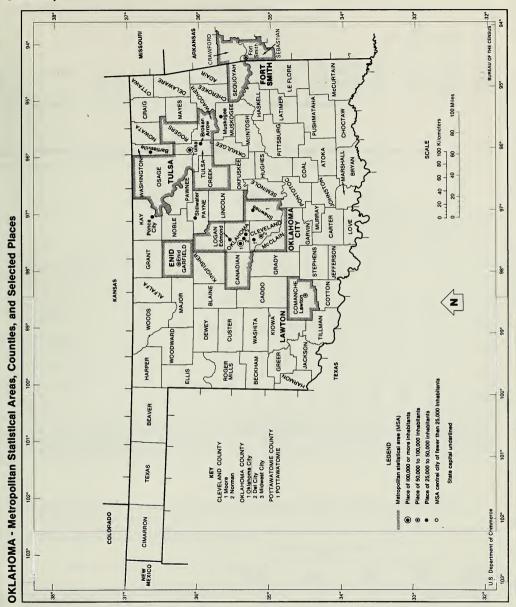
Number of Mineral Establishments in Major Groups by Employment-Size Class for Counties: 1987_____

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The total value of shipments and receipts for the 2,981 establishments classified in mineral industries in Oklahoma was \$8.4 billion in 1987, or 5 percent of the Nation's total. This compares to \$18.4 billion in 1982, when it was 7 percent of the Nation's total. Value added by mining amounted to \$5.5 billion in 1987, and payroll in mining amounted to \$1.4 billion. All dollar figures shown are in current dollars for the years specified and have not been adjusted for changes in price levels. When making

comparisons to prior years, users should take into consideration the inflation that has occurred.

Mineral industries employment in Oklahoma was 46.0 thousand in 1987, or 7 percent of the Nation's total. This is a decrease of 56 percent from 1982. The oil and gas extraction industry led all other mineral industries in the State, accounting for approximately 95 percent of the State's mineral industries employment.



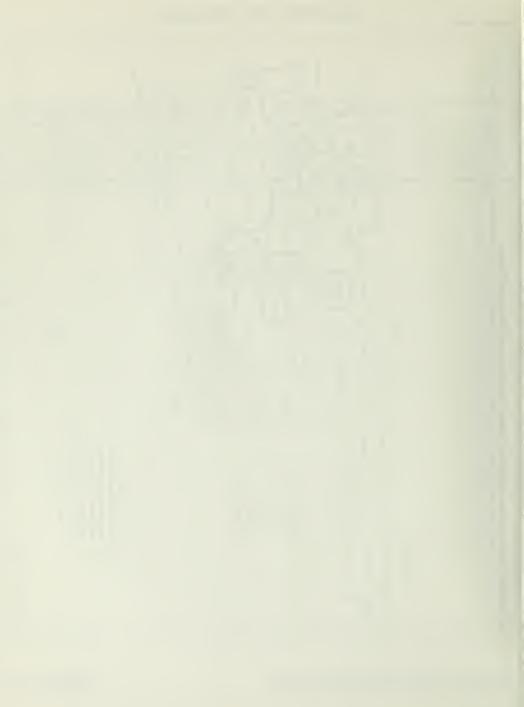


Table 1. Historical Statistics for the State: 1987 and Earlier Census Years

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

		ents during ear	All emp	oloyees		on, developm loration work			Cost of supplies		
Year	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)
1987 1982 1977 1977	2 981 14 363 2 279 1 705	358 (NA) 365 274	46.0 104.1 43.5 26.9	1 387.1 2 666.6 696.2 266.3	21.6 60.2 26.0 16.5	45.2 128.7 58.7 32.4	500.4 1 342.3 407.8 138.2	5 523.1 13 274.5 3 417.7 1 133.4	3 707.4 9 694.9 2 254.0 566.0	8 388.6 18 447.0 4 746.5 1 504.6	841 8 4 522.4 925.1 194.8

Restated to reflect the 1987 definition of establishments in the crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries.

Table 2a. Mineral Establishment Statistics by Industry for the State: 1987 and 1982

								1987						19	82
010				ishments ng year	All emp	loyees	Productio expl	n, developr oration wor	ment, and kers		Cost of supplies used.				
SIC	Industry group and industry	E¹	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)	All em- ployees ² (1,000)	Value added by mining (million dollars)
	All Industries	E1	2 981	358	46.0	1 387.1	21.6	45.2	500.4	5 523.1	3 707.4	8 388.6	841.8	104.1	13 274.5
12	Coal mining	E1	32	13	cc	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	1.5	112.0
122 1221	Bituminous coal and lignite mining Bituminous coal and lignite surface	-	26	12	.9	24.9	.6	1.4	15.7	50.2	47.2	92.7	4.7	1.2	98.2
	mining	-	23	10	СС	(D)	.6	1.4	15.7	50.2	47.2	92.7	4.7	(NA)	(NA)
1222	Bituminous coal underground mining	_	3	2	AA	(D)	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	(NA)	(NA)
13	Oil and gas extraction	E1	2 842	325	43.6	1 330.4	19.9	41.3	462.2	5 384.5	3 617.1	8 172.8	828.8	100.8	13 075.0
131 1311	Crude petroleum and natural gas Crude petroleum and natural gas	E1 E1	1 320 1 320	118 118	24.2 24.2	852.9 852.9	6.2 6.2	12.1 12.1	167.3 167.3	4 153.2 4 153.2	1 352.9 1 352.9	4 796.3 4 796.3	709.7 709.7	39.3 39.3	8 407.7 8 407.7
132 1321	Natural gas liquids	Ξ	102 102	24 24	1.3 1.3	45.4 45.4	1.1 1.1	2.4 2.4	39.1 39.1	522.4 522.4	1 884.8 1 884.8	2 362.1 2 362.1	45.1 45.1	1.4 1.4	1 017.2 1 017.2
138 1381 1382	Oil and gas field services Drilling oil and gas wells Oil and gas field exploration	E2 E1	1 420 276	183 66	18.2 5.8	432.1 131.3	12.5 4.4	26.8 8.6	255.8 88.6	708.9 207.4	379.4 133.0	1 014.4 308.9	73.9 31.5	60.1 27.8	3 650.2 1 951.7
1389	servicesOil and gas field services, n.e.c	E4 E2	232 912	13 104	1.2 11.2	28.9 271.9	1.0 7.2	2.1 16.2	22.0 145.2	45.3 456.2	27.3 219.1	68.1 637.3	4.4 38.0	3.1 29.2	164.8 1 533.8
14	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	E1	101	20	1.4	29.6	1.1	2.4	21.4	84.4	41.2	117.7	8.0	1.6	81.2
142	Crushed and broken stone, including		40		4.0	00.4			45.0	50.7	04.0	0.15			57.4
1422	riprap Crushed and broken limestone	E1	49 43	17 13	1.0	22.1 18.6	.8 .7	1.7 1.4	15.8 12.7	59.7 47.9	31.3 (D) (D)	84.5 65.6	6.5 (D) (D)	1.2 1.1	57.4 54.8
1429	Crushed and broken stone, n.e.c	E7	4	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)		(D)		(NA)	(NA)
144 1442	Sand and gravel Construction sand and gravel	E1 E3	37 34	2	.3 AA	5.9 (D) (D)	.2 (D) (D)	.5 (D) (D)	4.4 (D) (D)	20.2 (D)	000	27.0 (D)	(D) (D) (D)	.4 BB	19.5 (D)
1446	Industrial sand	-	3	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)

"Payroll and sales data for some small single unit companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate items shown for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a macro of the configuration of t

Table 2b. Mining Activities of Manufacturing Establishments With Associated Mines by Industry for the State: 1987

			ment, and exploration kers		
Industry group and industry	Establishments during year (number)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Cost of supplies used, etc. (million dollars)	Quantity of production (1,000 s tons)
Nonmetallic mineral mines included in manufactures Crushed and broken stone, including riprap Crushed and broken limestone Gypsum	13 3 3 2	.3 .1 .1 (D)	2.8 1.1 1.1 (D)	3.8 2.8 2.8 (D)	1 923.4 1 923.4 1 923.4 (D)

Note: Industries and industry groups with less than 50 thousand hours for employees engaged in production, development, and exploration work are not shown.

Table 3. Selected Statistics by Type of Operation and Industry Group for the State: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

		1						ng establish						
ı					Mines	only		Mir	es with prep	paration plan	nts			
SIC ode	Industry group and item	All types of estab- lishments	Total	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combination methods, well operations, and other methods	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion and other methods	Sepa- rately operated prepara- tion plants	Undistri- buted ¹	Non du es lishme
	ALL INDUSTRIES												-	
	Establishments number Employees 1,000	2 981 46.0	2 941 45.7	1 258 (D)	-	22 .2	1 236 (D)	76 1.8	=	65 1.7	11 .1	96 (D)	1 511 31.8	
	Employees1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	5 523.1	5 524.0	(D)	-	9.2	(D)	122.8	-	117.0	5.8	(D)	715.9	
	METAL MINING													
	Fetablishments number	6	6	1	_	1	_	-	_	_	_	-	5	
1	Value added in	(D)	(D)	(D)	-	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(D)	
	mining mil dol	(D)	(D)	(D)	-	(D)	_	_	_		-	_	(D)	
1	IRON ORES													
,	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in	(D)	1 (D)	(D)	-	1 (D)	_	-	=	Ξ.	Ξ	=	=	
,	Value added in mining mil dol	(D)	(D)	(D)	-	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4	GOLD AND SILVER ORES													
1	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in	1 (D)	1 (D)	-	_	-	-	=	=	-	-	=	1 (D)	
1	Value added in mining mil dol	(D)	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(D)	
8	METAL MINING SERVICES													
1	Establishments number Employees 1.000	3 (D)	3 (D)	-	-	=	-	_	=	-	=	=	3 (D)	
1	Employees1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	(D)	(D)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	(D)	
9	MISCELLANEOUS METAL ORES												ì	
1	Establishments number	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
1	Employees 1,000 Value added in	(D)	(D)	_	_	_	_						(D)	
1	mining mil dol													
	COAL MINING												40	
1	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in	32 (D)	30 (D)	11 (D)	-	11 (D)	=	.6	=	.6	Ξ	=	10 (D)	
1	Value added in mining mil dol	(D)	(D)	(D)	-	(D)	-	43.3	-	43.3	-	-	(D)	
2	BITUMINOUS													
	COAL AND LIGNITE MINING													
1	Establishments number	26 .9	24	11	-	11	_	.6	_	9	-	_	4	
	Employees 1,000 Value added in		(D)	(D)	-	(D)	-		-	.6	-	-	(D)	
	mining mil dol	50.2	(D)	(D)	-	(D)	-	43.3	-	43.3	-	_		
24	COAL MINING SERVICES													
	Establishments number	6	6	_	-		_	_	-	-	-	-	6	
	Value added in	(D)	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(D)	
1	mining mil dol	(D)	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	_	(D)	
3	OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in	2 842 43.6	2 807 43.5	1 236 (D)	_	Ξ	1 236 (D)	=	=	-	Ξ	96 (D)	1 475 31.4	
	Value added in mining mil dol	5 384.5	5 385.0	(D)	-	-	(D)	-	-	-	-	(D)	708.9	
31	CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS													
	Establishments number	1 320	1 290	1 236	_	_	1 236	_	-	-	-	_	54	
	Employees1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	24.2	(D)	(D) (D)	-	-	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	(D)	

Table 3. Selected Statistics by Type of Operation and Industry Group for the State: 1987—

r meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

[For r	neaning of abbreviations and symbol	ols, see introd	uctory text.	For explana	tion of terms	, see appo								
		-					Producir	ng establish	es with prepa	ration pla				
SIC	Industry group and item	All types of estab-	Total	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combination methods, well operations, and other methods	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combination and other methods	Sepa- rately operated prepara- tion plants	Undistri- buted ¹	Nonpro- ducing estab- lishments
13	OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION— Con.													
132	NATURAL GAS LIQUIDS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000 Value added in mil dol	102 1.3 522.4	97 (D) (D)	-	=	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>	- -	96 (D) (D)	(D)	5 (D) (D)
138	OIL AND GAS FIELD SERVICES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	1 420 18.2 708.9	1 420 18.2 708.9	=	=	=	=	=	=	: -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	1 420 18.2 708.9	= =
14	NONMETALLIC MINERALS, EXCEPT FUELS													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	101 1.4 84.4	98 (D) (D)	10 .1 1.8	=	10 .1 1.8	=	67 1.1 79.5	-	56 1.1 73.7	11 .1 5.8	=	21 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)
141	DIMENSION STONE													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	2 (D) (D)	2 (D) (D)	(D) (D)	=	(D) (D)	- -	-	=	:	_ -	<u>-</u> -	-	<u>-</u>
142	CRUSHED AND BROKEN STONE, INCLUDING RIPRAP													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	49 1.0 59.7	49 1.0 59.7	3 (D) (D)	=	3 (D) (D)	=	43 (D) (D)	=	39 .9 56.7	4 (D) (D)	=	3 (D) -	Ξ-
144	SAND AND GRAVEL			-										
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	37 .3 20.2	36 .3 20.2	(D)	=	2 (D) (D)	=	16 (D) (D)	=	9 .2 13.5	7 (D) (D)	<u>-</u>	18 (D) (D)	1 (Z) (Z)
145	CLAY, CERAMIC, AND REFRACTORY MINERALS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mil dol	3 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	1 (D) (D)	=	1 (D) (D)	=	2 (D) (D)	=	(D)	<u>-</u>	=	=	:
147	CHEMICAL AND FERTILIZER MINERAL MINING													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mil dol_	1 (D) (D)	1 (D) (D)	(D)	=	1 (D) (D)	=	-	=	=	=	=	=	=
149	MISCELLANEOUS NONMETALLIC MINERALS, EXCEPT FUELS						·							
-	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol	9 (D) (D)	7 (D) (D)	1 (D) (D)	-	1 (D) (D)	- -	6 (D) (D)	-	6 (D) (D)	<u>-</u>	= -	-	2 (D) (D)

¹Includes data for separately operated auxiliary establishments in addition to establishments that were not possible to classify based on the information available.

Table 4. Summary Statistics for the State: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Item	1987	ltem '	1987
Establishments during yearnumber	2 981 2 623	Cost of supplies mil dol Supplies used, minerals received, and purchased machinery	3 707.4
With 20 to 99 employees do_ With 100 employees or more do_	290 68	installeddo_	2 888.0 25.2
All employees: Average for year1,000	46.0	Purchased fuels consumeddo	104.4
Payroll for year mil dol_	1 387.1	Quantity mil kWh Cost mil dol Electric energy generated less sold mil kWh	2 722.2 120.0 141.3
Production, development, and exploration workers: Average for year	21.6 20.8	Contract work mil dol	569.8
May	21.2 21.8	Cost of purchased communication servicesdo Value of shipments and receiptsdo	9.8 8 388.6
November do Hours millions	22. 3 45.2	Value of resalesdo	27.0
January to Marchdo	10.8 11.1	Capital expenditures during year (except land and mineral rights)do	841.8 286.1 24.3
July to September do October to December do	11.5 11.8	Machinery and equipment	261.8
Wages mil dol	500.4 155.2	Used capital expenditures during yeardodododo	42.0 3.1
Supplemental labor costs not included in payroll do_ Legally required expenditures, including Social Security contributions do_	75.5	Machinery and equipmentdo Mineral exploration and developmentdo	38.8 513.7
Payments for voluntary programsdo	79.6	Rental payments during yeardodododo	83.6 35.3
Value added by miningdo Inventories, beginning of 1987do	5 523.1 286.0	Machinery and equipmentdo	48.3
Inventories, end of 1987 do	265.6	Expensed mineral exploration, development, land, and rights ^{1 2} do	394.7

¹Excludes data for mining services industries and natural gas liquids industries where data were not collected. ²Excludes data for mineral land and rights for the crude petroleum and natural gas industries where data were not collected.

Table 5. Industry Group Statistics for Counties: 1987

[Data for the crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by county in 1987 and are not included with the data shown by county. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

				ments during year	All emp	loyees		on, developm loration work			Cost of supplies		
SIC	Geographic area and industry group	E1	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	installed.	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)
	Oklahoma	E1	2 981	358	46.0	1 387.1	21.6	45.2	500.4	5 523.1	3 707.4	8 388.6	841.8
	Craig County		6	2	.1	4.1	.1	.2	3.2	11.6	5.8	16.9	.5
12 122	Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining	E2 E2	5 5	2 2		(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)
	Garvin County	-	6	2	.1	3.3	.1	.2	2.3	. 10.3	27.8	37.9	.1
	Haskell County	-	5	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
12 122	Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining	=	4	2 2	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D)	(B)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Johnston County	-	6	4	.2	4.3	.2	.3	3.3	18.8	9.2	24.3	3.7
14 142	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone, including riprap _	-	6 5	4 3	.2 AA	4.3 (D)	.2 (D)	.3 (D)	3.3 (D)	18.8 (D)	9.2 (D)	24.3 (D)	3.7 (D)
	Kingfisher County	1 1	10		.1	5.9	1	.2	5.1	65.0	212.6	276.5	1.1
13 132	Oif and gas extraction	-	8 8	3 3	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)
	Murray County	- 1	4	2	.1	2.4	.1	.2	2.2	6.3	(D)	8.9	(D)
14 142	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone, including riprap _	-	4	2 2	:1	2.4 2.4	3	.2 .2	2.2 2.2	6.3 6.3	(D) (D)	8.9 8.9	(D)
	Oklahoma County	E3	26	1 1	.3	10.1	.1	.3	2.5	15.7	38.2	53.4	.6
14 142	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone, including riprap _	E5 E6	17	2 2	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Rogers County	1 1	4	- 1	.4	10.1	.3	.8	8.1	18.8	32.2	48.9	2.1
12 122	Coal mining	-	3 3	3 3	88 88	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Stephens County	1 1	4	3	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
13 132	Oll and gas extraction	-	4	3 3	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Tulsa County	E5	17	6	.2	6.9	.2	.3	3.1	16.5	34.4	48.9	2.0
	Woodward County	1 1	7	2		3.6	.1	.2	3.3	22.4	95.5	112.9	5.0
13	Oil and gas extraction	-	5	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

Table 5. Industry Group Statistics for Counties: 1987-Con.

Payroll and sales data for some small single unit companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate items shown for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data based on administrative-records account for 10 percent, E3—50 to 89 percent, E3—60 to 89 percent, E3—60 to 89 percent, E7—70 to 79 percent, E3—80 to 89 percent, E3—60 to 89 percent, E3—60 to 89 percent, E7—70 to 79 percent, E3—80 to 89 percent, E3—80 to 89 percent, E3—60 to 8

Number of Mineral Establishments in Major Groups by Employment-Size Class for Table 6. Counties: 1987

[Data for the crude prtroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by county in 1987 and are not included with the data shown by county. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Geographic area and employment- size class1	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)	Geographic area and employment- size class¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)
Oklahoma	2 981	6	32	2 842	101	Oklahoma—Con.					
0 to 4 employees 5 to 9 employees	1 803 488	4	10 7	1 758 449	31 31	0 to 19 employees	3	-	-	3	-
10 to 19 employees 20 to 49 employees	332	i	2	310	19			_	_	-	_
	209 81	-	7 4	188 71	14	Dewey	4	-	-	4	-
100 to 249 employees 250 to 499 employees	48 12	- :	2	46 12	-	0 to 19 employees	4	-	-	4	-
500 to 999 employees	4	-	-	4	-	Garfield	6	-	-	6	-
1,000 to 2,499 employees 2,500 employees or more	2 2			2 2		0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	4 2			4 2	_
Alfalfa	2	-	-	2	_	Garvin	6			5	
0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	2	_	0 to 19 employees	4			3	
Atoka	1	_	_	_	1	20 to 99 employees	2	-	=	2	-
20 to 99 employees	1	_	-		1	Grady	6	-	1	5	-
Beaver	8		_	7	1	0 to 19 employees	6	-	1	5	-
0 to 19 employees	8	_		7	1	Grant	4	-	-	4	-
Beckham	2			,		0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	2	-
) to 19 employees	1 1	_		, i		20 to 99 employees	2	- 1	-	2	-
20 to 99 employees	i	-	-		1	Harper	1	-	-	1	-
Blaine	4	-	-	2	2	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-
) to 19 employees	4	_	-	2	2	Haskell	5	-	4	-	1
Bryan	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	3 2	-	2	-	1
) to 19 employees	1	-	-	_	1		_	-	- 2	-	
Caddo	4	_	_	2	2	Hughes	1	-	-	-	1
	2	_	_	2	_	0 to 19 employees	'	-	-	-	1
) to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2	-	-	=	2	Jefferson	1	-	-	-	1
Canadian	8	-	-	3	5	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1
) to 19 employees	8	-	-	3	5	Johnston	6	-	-	-	6
Carter	3	-	-	2	1	0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	-	2
) to 19 employees	2	-	-	1	1	20 to 99 employees	4	-	-	-	4
to 99 employees	1	-	-	1	-	Kay	2	-	-	1	1
Choctaw	2	-	-	-	2	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	- 1	1
) to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1			- 1	-	- '	-
0 to 99 employees	1	-1	-	-	1	Kingflsher	10	-	1	8	1
Clmarron	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	7 3	-	1 -	5	1
to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-		2	4		•	
Cleveland	1	-	-	-	1	Kiowa	2	1	-	-	'
to 19 employees	1		-	-	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees		1	_		1
Comanche	1	_	_	_	1	Latimer	2	_	1	_	1
to 99 employees	1	_	_	_ [1	20 to 99 employees	2	_	- 1	_	
11							- 1	_		_	'
Cotton	1	-	-	-	1	Le Flore	1	-	1	-	-
to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	1	-	1	-	-
Cralg	6	-	5	-	1	Lincoln	3	-	-	3	-
to 19 employees to to 99 employees	4 2	-	3 2	-	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2	-	-	2	-
	_	-	2	-	_			-	-	1	-
Creek	4	-	-	3	1	Logan	3	-	-	2	1
to 19 employees to to 99 employees	2 2			2 1	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2 1		-	1	1
								- '	- '	- ''	

[Data for the crude prtroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by county in 1997 and are not included with the data shown by county. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)	Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)
Oklahoma—Con. Love	1		-	1	-	Oklahoma—Con. Pawnee	2	-	-	-	2
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	-	2
McClain	2	-	-	2	-	Payne	2	-	-	-	2
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	-	2
	5	-	-	· ·	5	Pontotoc	3	-	-	1	
0 to 19 employees	5		-	_	5	0 to 19 employees	3	-	-	1	2
	•	-	-	_	9	Pottawatomie	5	-	-	1	
Major	4	-	-	2	-	0 to 19 employees	5	-	-	1	4
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2	-	=	2	Ξ.	Roger Mills	2	-	-	2	
Marshall	2	-	-	1	1	0 to 19 employees	2			2	
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	- 1			-	1	Rogers	4	-	3	-	1
Mayes	2	_	_		2	0 to 19 employees	1	Ξ	- 1	-	1
0 to 19 employees	2]	_	2	20 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees	2	=	2	=	
	4				4	Seminole	3	-	-	2	1
Murray	2			. [2	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1 2		-	1	-
20 to 99 employees	2	-		=	2		. 4	_	_		- 1
Muskogee	3	-	1	-	2	Stephens	4	-	-	4	
0 to 19 employees	3	-	1	-	2	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	3	=	=	3	
Noble	1	-	-	1	-	Texas	4	-	-	4	-
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	4	-	-	_4	
Nowata	3	-	-	-	3	Tulsa	17	-	5	4	8
0 to 19 employees	3	-	-	-	3	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	11 6	-	² 2	3	6
Okfuskee	. 1	-	-		1		3	_	3		,
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	3	-		-	
Oklahoma	26	2	3	4	17			_	'	_	
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	23	2	2	4	15	0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	-	
	_	_	'	_	2				-	5	
Okmulgee	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	7 5	-	-	3	2
		-	-		_	20 to 99 employees	2	=	Ξ	2	-
Osage	1	-	-	1	-	Undistributed	2 748	3	6	2 739	
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	2 447	3	5	2 439	
Ottawa	4	-	-	-	4	20 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees	235 46	Ξ.	1 -	234 46	
0 to 19 employees	4	-	1	-	4	250 employees or more	20	-	-	20	

Data for crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries are excluded from the individual counties and shown at the end of the table as "undistributed."

CONTENTS

Texas

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appears as part of the number of each page] Page Summary of Findings_____ State Map ______ 3 **TABLES** HISTORICAL STATISTICS Historical Statistics for the State: 1987 and Earlier Census Years ______ 5 STATE STATISTICS Mineral Establishment Statistics by Industry for the State: 1987 and 1982 _____ 2b. Mining Activities of Manufacturing Establishments With Associated Mines by Industry for the State: 1987__ 6 3. Selected Statistics by Type of Operation and Industry Group for the State: 1987______ Summary Statistics for the State: 1987 ______ **COUNTY STATISTICS** Industry Group Statistics for Counties: 1987______ 9 EMPLOYMENT-SIZE CLASS STATISTICS

Number of Mineral Establishments in Major Groups by Employment-Size Class for Counties: 1987_____

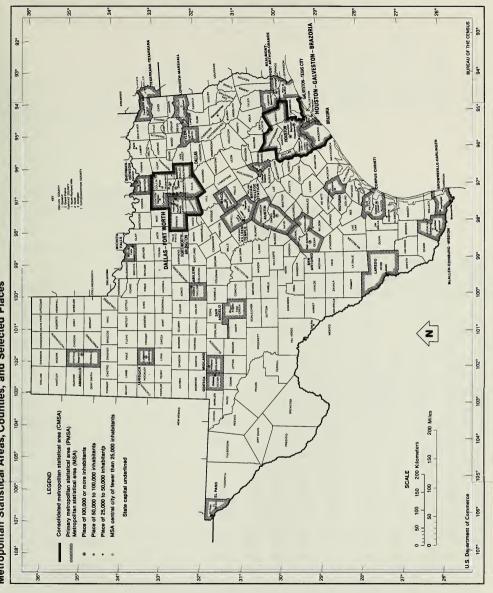
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SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The total value of shipments and receipts for the 8,022 establishments classified in mineral industries in Texas was \$40.3 billion in 1987, or 26 percent of the Nation's total. This compares to \$72.5 billion in 1982, when it was 29 percent of the Nation's total. Value added by mining amounted to \$29.7 billion in 1987, and payroll in mining amounted to \$5.1 billion. All dollar figures shown are in current dollars for the years specified and have not been adjusted for changes in price levels. When making

comparisons to prior years, users should take into consideration the inflation that has occurred.

Mineral industries employment in Texas was 158.0 thousand in 1987, or 23 percent of the Nation's total. This is a decrease of 41 percent from 1982. The oil and gas extraction industry led all other mineral industries in the State, accounting for approximately 93 percent of the State's mineral industries employment.



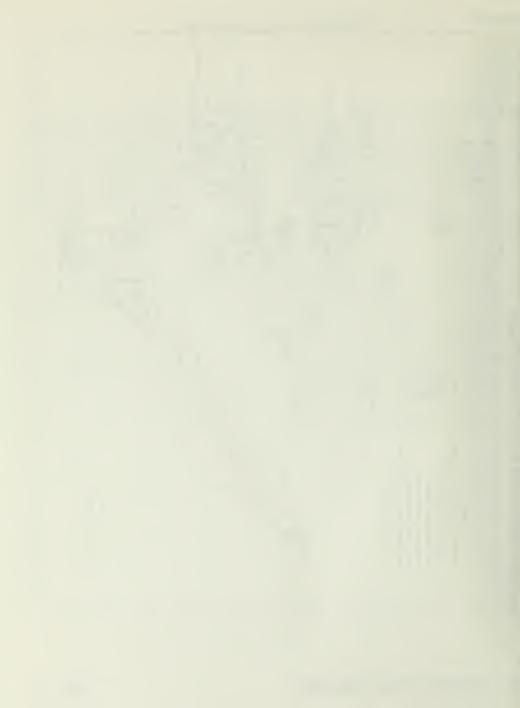


Table 1. Historical Statistics for the State: 1987 and Earlier Census Years

		ents during ear	All emp	oloyees		on, developm loration work			Cost of supplies		
Year	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)
1987	8 022 19 850 6 268 4 854	1 251 (NA) 1 222 900	158.0 266.8 143.4 95.8	5 137.8 6 755.5 2 373.6 1 006.5	83.5 163.5 91.1 56.6	178.0 351.4 197.0 119.1	2 113.3 3 656.5 1 347.9 490.0	29 676.5 54 452.6 19 673.9 6 711.0	14 468.3 30 257.3 11 857.3 3 168.2	40 319.0 72 462.2 27 364.4 8 911.9	3 825.8 12 247.7 4 166.8 967.3

¹Restated to reflect the 1987 definition of establishments in the crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries.

Table 2a. Mineral Establishment Statistics by Industry for the State: 1987 and 1982

[Industries and industry groups with 100 employees or more are shown. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

								1987						19	182
				ishments ng year	All emp	oloyees	Productio expl	n, develop	ment, and kers		Cost of supplies used.				
SIC	Industry group and industry	E¹	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)	All em- ployees ² (1,000)	Value added by mining (million dollars)
1	All industries	E1	8 022	1 251	158.0	5 137.8	83.5	178.0	2 113.3	29 676.5	14 468.3	40 319.0	3 825.8	266.8	54 452.6
10	Metal mining	E1	34	4	.4	11.2	.3	.6	8.0	45.6	34.1	71.9	7.9	1.8	87.6
109 1094	Miscellaneous metal ores Uranium-radium-vanadium ores	-	15 14	4	.3 BB	8.2 (D)	.2 (D)	.4 (D)	5.5 (D)	36.9 (D)	(D) (D)	56.4 (D)	(D) (D)	1.4 1.4	67.1 65.3
12	Coal mining	-	28	12	4.2	171.9	3.0	6.2	116.0	377.7	245.8	601.4	22.0	4.2	230.9
122 1221	Bituminous coal and lignite mining Bituminous coal and lignite surface	-	24	11	FF	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	FF	(D)
L	mining	-	24	11	FF	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
124 1241	Coal mining services	-	4	1	BB BB	(D)	(0)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	AA AA	(D)
13	Oll and gas extraction	E1	7 643	1 148	146.8	4 801.3	75.3	160.4	1 883.8	28 671.9	13 955.6	38 869.9	3 757.6	253.6	53 608.7
131 1311	Crude petroleum and natural gas Crude petroleum and natural gas	E1 E1	3 547 3 547	418 418	76.7 76.7	3 058.3 3 058.3	23.0 23.0	47.8 47.8	713.1 713.1	23 981.2 23 981.2	5 73 8 .0 5 73 8 .0	26 373.6 26 373.6	3 345.6 3 345.6	103.2 103.2	42 039.3 42 039.3
132 1321	Natural gas líquids Natural gas líquids		331 3 31	91 91	5.8 5.8	204.6 204.6	4.4 4.4	9.1 9.1	14 3.9 143.9	1 694.8 1 694.8	6 807.0 6 807.0	8 365.5 8 365.5	136.3 136.3	6. 9 6. 9	3 453.6 3 453.6
138 1381 1382	Oil and gas field services Drilling oil and gas wells Oil and gas field exploration	E2 E2	3 765 735	639 226	64.2 18.4	1 53 8 .4 424.7	48.0 15.3	103.5 31.6	1 026.8 318.0	2 995.8 847.5	1 410.6 460.8	4 130.7 1 213.9	275.7 94.4	143.4 5 8 .4	8 115.8 3 483.2
1389	ServicesOil and gas field services, n.e.c	E2 E2	62 9 2 401	50 363	7. 9 37. 9	211.8 901.9	5.8 26. 9	12.2 59.7	141.1 567.7	346.9 1 801.4	188.1 761.8	501.9 2 414.9	33.1 148.3	16.1 68.9	849.1 3 783.5
14	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	E1	317	87	6.6	153.5	4.9	10.9	105.6	581.3	232.8	775.8	38.2	7.1	525.5
1422 1429	Crushed and broken stone, including niprapCrushed and broken limestone Crushed and broken stone, n.e.c	E1 E2	71 53 17	35 27 8	2.2 1.7 BB	48.2 40.4 (D)	1.7 1.3 (D)	3.9 3.1 (D)	34.8 29.1 (D)	130.3 102.3 (D)	6 9 .4 57.3 (D)	184.9 146.7 (D)	14.8 12.9 (D)	1.9 1.4 BB	102.0 80.0 (D)
144 1442 1446	Sand and gravel Construction sand and gravel Industrial sand	E3 E3 E2	181 165 16	30 26 4	2.4 2.1 .3	50.4 44.2 6.2	1.9 1.7 .2	4.2 3.7 .4	38.5 34.8 3.6	148.5 129.1 19.4	71.4 60.3 11.1	204.3 175.4 28.9	15.6 14.0 1.6	2.7 2.3 .3	159.2 140.4 18.7
145 1455 1459	Clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals_ Kaolin and ball clay Clay, ceramic, and refractory	-	12 2	6 1	.4 AA	10.5 (D)	.3 (D)	.7 (D)	7.1 (D)	38.5 (D)	20.7 (D)	55.3 (D)	4.0 (D)	BB AA	(D) (D)
	minerals, n.e.c.	-	10	5	ВВ	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
147 1474 1479	Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining _ Potash, soda, and borate minerals Chemical and fertilizer mineral	-	17 3	10 2	EE AA	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	1.7 AA	228.8 (D)
-	mining, n.e.c.	-	14	8	cc	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(NA)	(NA)
149	Miscellaneous nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Miscellaneous nonmetallic minerals,	-	19	6	ВВ	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	cc	(D)
1	except fuels	-	19	6	BB	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	cc	(D)

Payroll and sales data for some small single unit companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies after than from consus report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate items shown for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a state of the property o

Table 2b. Mining Activities of Manufacturing Establishments With Associated Mines by Industry for the State: 1987

[Represents data reported for mining activities by establishments classified in manufacturing industries. Figures may be understated due to use of administrative records and short forms. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

			ment, and exploration rkers		
Industry group and industry	Establishments during year (number)	Hours			Quantity of
Nonmetallic mineral mines included in manufactures	38	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	×
Crushed and broken stone, including riprap Crushed and broken limestone	13	.4	4.6	7.1	10 225.0 10 225.0
Sand and gravel	7	.3	2.1	2.2	2 527.2 1 237.1
Clay related minerals, n.e.c. Gypsum	13	1 3/	1.1	1.1	1 237.1

Note: Industries and industry groups with less than 50 thousand hours for employees engaged in production, development, and exploration work are not shown.

Table 3. Selected Statistics by Type of Operation and Industry Group for the State: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

							Produc	ing establish	nments					
					Mines	only		Mi	nes with pre	paration pla	nts			
SIC	Industry group and item	All types of estab- lishments	Total	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combination methods, well operations, and other methods	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion and other methods	Sepa- rately operated prepara- tion plants	Undistri- buted ¹	Nonpro- ducing estab- lishments
	ALL INDUSTRIES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	8 022 158.0 29 676.5	7 890 157.3 29 685.6	3 286 42.8 24 271.8	5 (D)	39 (D)	3 242 42.4 24 213.6	171 7.6 585.9	(D)	162 7.3 551.3	7 (D) (D)	297 5.1 1 722,6	4 136 101.7 3 105.2	132 .8 -9.1
10	METAL MINING	25 070.5	25 000.0	24 271.0	(5)	(5)	24 210.0	300.5	(5)	331.3	(5)	1 722.0	0 100.2	3.1
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	34 .4 45.6	28 (D) (D)	11 .2 14.6	5 (D) (D)	3 (D) 4.0	3 (D) (D)	1 (D) (D)	_ -	-	1 (D) (D)	1 (D) (D)	15 (D) (D)	6 (D) (D)
101	IRON ORES													
	Establishmentsnumber Employees1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	2 (D) (D)	2 (D) (D)	2 (D) (D)	=	2 (D) (D)	-	-	=	-	=	-	-	=
104	GOLD AND SILVER ORES													
	Establishmentsnumber_ Employees1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	10 (D) 4.7	10 (D) 4.7	3 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 (D) (D)	2
106	FERROALLOY ORES, EXCEPT VANADIUM													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in	2 (D)	2 (D)	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	Ξ	=	-	2 (D)	1
100	mining mil dol	(D)	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(D)	-
108	METAL MINING SERVICES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in	.1	.1	-	Ξ	Ξ	-	=	Ξ	Ξ	-	-	.1	1
109	mining mil dol MISCELŁANEOUS	2.8	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.8	-
109	METAL ORES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in	15 .3	9 (D)	6 (D)	2 (D)	1 (D)	3 (D)	1 (D)	Ξ	Ξ	1 (D)	1 (D)	1 (D)	6 (D)
	mining mil dol	36.9	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	-	-	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

Table 3. Selected Statistics by Type of Operation and Industry Group for the State: 1987—Con.

For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes

							Producii	ng establishn	nents					
					Mines	only		Mine	es with prepa	aration plan	nts			
SIC code	Industry group and Item	All types of estab- lishments	Total	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion methods, well operations, and other methods	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion and other methods	Sepa- rately operated prepara- tion plants	Undistri- buted ¹	Nonpro- ducing estab- lishments
12	COAL MINING													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	28 4.2 377.7	28 4.2 377.7	14 (D) (D)	-	14 (D) (D)	-	7 (D) (D)	-	7 (D) (D)	- - -	-	(D)	-
122	BITUMINOUS COAL AND LIGNITE MINING													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	24 (D) (D)	24 (D) (D)	14 (D)	=	14 (D) (D)	-	7 (D)	=	7 (D) (D)	-	=	3 (D)	
124	COAL MINING SERVICES													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	4 (D) (D)	4 (D) (D)	Ξ-	=	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	=	Ξ-	I.	-	=	(D)	:
13	OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	7 643 146.8 28 671.9	7 520 146.1 28 685.6	3 236 41.6 23 983.8	-	=	3 236 41.6 23 983.8	-	=	1	<u>-</u>	293 4.9 1 706.0	3 991 99.6 2 995.8	123 .7 -13.7
131	CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mil dol	3 547 76.7 23 981.2	3 447 76.1 23 983.8	3 236 41.6 23 983.8	=	- -	3 236 41.6 23 983.8	-	=	-	= =	<u>-</u>	211 34.5	100 .6 –2.6
132	NATURAL GAS LIQUIDS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol	331 5.8 1 694.8	308 5.7 1 706.0	-	=	<u>-</u>	- -	=	-	-	- -	293 4.9 1 706.0	15 .9 -	23 .1 -11.2
138	OIL AND GAS FIELD SERVICES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	3 765 64.2 2 995.8	3 765 64.2 2 995.8	=	=	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	3 765 64.2 2 995.8	=
14	NONMETALLIC MINERALS, EXCEPT FUELS													
ľ	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	317 6.6 581.3	314 (D) (D)	25 (D) (D)	=	22 .1 6.7	3 (D) (D)	163 4.3 291.8	2 (D) (D)	155 (D) (D)	6 (D) (D)	3 (D) (D)	123 1.3 50.9	3 (D) (D)
141	DIMENSION STONE													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	8 (D) (D)	8 (D) (D)	7 (D) (D)	-	7 (D) (D)	=	1 (D) (D)	=	1 (D) (D)	-	-	-	
142	CRUSHED AND BROKEN STONE, INCLUDING RIPRAP													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in mil dol	71 2.2 130.3	71 2.2 130.3	=	=	Ξ	=	64 (D) (D)	(D)	63 (D) (D)	=	1 (D) (D)	6 .2	=

Table 3. Selected Statistics by Type of Operation and Industry Group for the State: 1987—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

							Produc	ing establish	ments					
					Mines	only		Min	nes with prep	paration plai	nts			
SIC code	Industry group and item	All types of estab- lishments	Total	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion methods, well operations, and other methods	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion and other methods	Sepa- rately operated prepara- tion plants	Undistri- buted ¹	Nonpro- ducing estab- lishments
14	NONMETALLIC MINERALS, EXCEPT FUELS — Con.													
144	SAND AND GRAVEL													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	181 2.4 148.5	180 2.4 148.5	8 .1 3.4	<u>-</u>	8 .1 3.4	-	71 (D) (D)	<u>-</u>	67 1.3 88.5	4 (D) (D)	(D)	99 (D) (D)	1
145	CLAY, CERAMIC, AND REFRACTORY MINERALS													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	12 .4 38.5	12 .4 38.5	.4 (Z)	- -	4 (Z) .4	-	6 .4 38.2	=	6 .4 38.2		= -	(Z) -	Ē
147	CHEMICAL AND FERTILIZER MINERAL MINING													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	17 (D) (D)	15 (D) (D)	5 (D) (D)	=	(D)	3 (D) (D)	4 (D) (D)	1 (D) (D)	1 (D) (D)	2 (D) (D)	=	6 (D) -	2 (D) (D)
148	NONMETALLIC MINERALS SERVICES, EXCEPT FUELS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_ Value added in mining mil dol_	9 (D) (D)	9 (D) (D)	=	=	Ξ.	-	-	=	=	<u>-</u> -	Ξ-	9 (D) (D)	3
149	MISCELLANEOUS NONMETALLIC MINERALS, EXCEPT FUELS													
	Establishments number Employees1,000 Value added in mining mil dol	19 (D)	19 (D)	1 (D) (D)	77	1 (D) (D)	-	17 (D) (D)	=	17 (D) (D)	-	=	1 (D) -	-

¹includes data for separately operated auxiliary establishments in addition to establishments that were not possible to classify based on the information available.

Table 4. Summary Statistics for the State: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Item	1987	Item	198
Establishments during year number_	8 022	Production, development, and exploration workers—Con.	
With 0 to 19 employeesdo	6 771	Hours millions	178.
With 20 to 99 employeesdo	1 010		43.
With 100 employees or moredo	241	April to June do	43.
		July to Septemberdo October to Decemberdo	45. 46.
All employees:		October to Decemberdo	46.
Average for year 1,000	158.0		
Payroli for year mil dol	5 137.8	Wages mil dol	2 113.
Production, development, and exploration workers:		Supplemental labor costs not included in payrolldo	692.
Average for year 1.000	83.5	Legally required expenditures, including Social Security	
Average for year1,000 Marchdo	80.9	contributionsdo	331.
May do	81.7	Payments for voluntary programs do	360.
Augustdo	84.1		
Novemberdo		Value added by miningdo	29 676.

Table 4. Summary Statistics for the State: 1987-Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Item	1987	Item	1987
nventories, beginning of 1987 mil dol nventories, end of 1987 do	1 309.5 1 243.3	New capital expanditures during year	3 825.8 1 461.7
Ost of supplies mil dol Supplies used, minerals received, and purchased machinery	14 468.3	Ruildings and other structures except land do	130.0 1 331.6
installeddo Resalesdo	10 968.6 40.2		154.8
Purchased fuels consumeddo	469.5	Machinery and equipmentdo	8.9 14 5. 9
Quantity mil kWh Cost mil dol. Electric energy generated less sold mil kWh	12 644.3 518.3 990.4		2 209.3
Contract work mil dol	2 471.7	Rental payments during yeardodo	432.3 203.7
Sost of purchased communication servicesdododododododo	43.9 40 319.0	Waterinery and equipment	228.6
Value of resalesdodo		Expensed mineral exploration, development, land, and rights ^{1 2} do	1 612.6

¹Excludes data for mining services industries and natural gas liquids industries where data were not collected. ²Excludes data for mineral land and rights for the crude petroleum and natural gas industries where data were not collected.

fable 5. Industry Group Statistics for Counties: 1987

Data for the crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by county in 1987 and are not included with the data shown by county. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

D.				nents during ear	All emp	loyees	Productio expl	n, developm oration work	ent, and ers		Cost of supplies used.		
SIC ode	Geographic area and industry group	E¹	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)
	Texas	E1	8 022	1 251	158.0	5 137.8	83.5	178.0	2 113.3	29 676.5	14 468.3	40 319.0	3 825.8
	Andrews County	-	6	4	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
3 32	Oll and gas extraction Natural gas liquids	-	6	4 4	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)
ш	Bexar County	E1	26	5	.4	9.5	.2	.3	3.0	29.1	109.9	136.9	2.1
4 42	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone, including riprap _	E3	16 6	4 2	BB AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Burnet County	E1	7	3	.1	2.9	.1	.2	2.2	10.2	4.0	13.0	1.2
4 42	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone, including riprap _	E1 E1	7 5	3 3	AA	2.9 (D)	.1 (D)	.2 (D)	2.2 (D)	10.2 (D)	4.0 (D)	13.0 (D)	1.2 (D)
ш	Carson County	-	4	1	.1	3.1	.1	.2	2.3	22.7	43.5	64.6	1.6
	Chambers County	-	5	4	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
3 32	Oil and gas extraction Natural gas liquids	-	5 5	4 4	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
и	Colorado County	-	13	4	ВВ	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
\$ 14	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Sand and gravel	E3 E3	11 11	3	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	: (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
1	Comal County	-	1	1	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
12	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone, including nprap _	-	1	1	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
ķ.	Crane County		5	3	.2	7.5	.2	.4	6.7	55.5	232.3	281.4	6.4
32	Oil and gas extraction Natural gas liquids	-	5 5	3	. 2 .2	7.5 7.5	. 2 .2	.4 .4	6.7 6.7	55.5 55.5	232.3 232.3	281.4 281.4	6.4 6.4
1	Culberson County	-	2	2	ВВ	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
47	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	-	2 1	2 1	BB BB	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Dallas County	E3	33	7	.5	12.4	.4	.8	8.5	26.5	17.1	39.9	3.7
14	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Sand and gravel	E3 E3	25 20	5 2	BB AA	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)
119	Miscellaneous nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	-	3	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
	Eastland County	-	8	4	.2	5.8	.2	.5	5.1	36.3	53.3	85.4	4.2
12	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone, including riprap _	-	2 1	2 1	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Ector County	-	9	5	.2	6.9	.2	.4	6.1	81.7	222.2	297.5	6.4
2	Oil and gas extraction	-	8 8	5 5	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Fayette County	-	7	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

Table 5. Industry Group Statistics for Counties: 1987-Con.

[Data for the crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by county in 1987 and are not included with the data shown by county. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

			Establishm y	ments during year	All empl	loyees	Production expl	on, developm loration work	ent, and kers		Cost of supplies used,		
SIC code	Geographic area and industry group	E¹	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	ture
	Texas—Con. Freestone County		3	2		(D)	(D)		(D)	(D)	(D)		
12 122	Coal mining	. -	1 1	1	BB BB	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	
	Gaines County	-'	3	3	.1	4.3	.1	.2	2.4	20.8	46.2	65.7	1.
44	Gonzales County Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels		2	1	AA AA	(D)	(D) (D)		(D)	(D)	(D)		
14 145	Clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals	-	1	i	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(1
13 132	Gregg County Oil and gas extraction Natural gas liquids	=	6 5 5	3 3 3	AA AA	3.5 (D) (D)	.1 (D) (D)	.2 (D) (D)	2.8 (D) (D)	30.3 (D) (D)	43.3 (D) (D)		
	Harris County		45	1		63.5 (D)	.4	.9	10.8	27.0	102.0	122.8	6
12 122	Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining		2 2		BB	(D) (D)	- 2	-	5.4	9.5	91.7	96.4	
13 132	Oll and gas extraction		14 14 26	6 6 7	.7 .7 BB	33.6 33.6 (D)	.2 .2 (D)		5.4 5.4 (D)	9.5 9.5 (D)	91.7	96.4	
14 144 147	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Sand and gravel Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	E5 E7	26 16 5	3	.2 AA	(D) 5.2 (D)	(D) .2 (D)	.4	(D) 3.6 (D)	(D) 12.6 (D)	(D) 6.5 (D)	(D) 18.1 (D)	(1
12	Harrison County	-	4 2		.2 AA	8.0 (D)	.2 (D)	.3 (D)	5.8 (D)	36.3 (D)	(D)		
122	Bituminous coal and lignite mining	-	2 2		AA	(D) (D)	(0)		(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)		
14 144	Hidalgo County Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Sand and gravel		7 3 3	2 2 2	.2 AA AA	3.5 (D) (D)	.1 (D) (D)	.3 (D) (D)	2.9 (D) (D)	18.7 (D) (D)	77.2 (D) (D)	(D)	(
12 122	Hopkins County Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining	=	3 1	1	AA AA	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	
lzz	Hutchinson County		6	3	AA	(D)	(D)	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(
13 132	Oll and gas extraction Natural gas liquids	-	5	3 3	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	
13	Kleberg County		4 2	1	AA AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)		
132	Natural gas liquids	-	2 2	i	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)		1
12	Leon County	-	1 1	1	BB BB	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	
122	Bituminous coal and lignite mining	1 1	1	1	BB	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D)		
14	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	-	2 2	2 2	AA AA	(D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	
142 145	Clay, ceramic, and refractory minerals	1 1	1	1	AA	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(0)	(D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	
14	McLennan County Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels		5 5	5 5	.1	2.6 2.6	.1	.3	2.0 2.0	6.8 6.8	4.1 4.1	9.4 9.4	
	Midland County		11	3	.2	5.7	.1	.2	2.3	39.5	142.1	176.9	
13 132	Oll and gas extraction Natural gas liquids	-	9	3 3	AA AA	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	
12 122	Millam County	=	1	1	BB BB	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D) (D)	
122	Bituminous coal and lignite mining	1	1	i	BB			1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	
	Moore County		8	2 2	.1	(D) 4.6	(D)	(D)	(D) 4.4	78.4	206.3	284.3	
13 132	Oil and gas extraction	. -	7 7	2 2	4	4.6 4.6	.1	.2 .2	4.4 4.4	78.4 78.4	206.3 206.3	284.3 284.3	
	Nueces County	1 1	13	2	.2	4.8	.1	.3	4.0	125.8	352.2	474.6	
	Rusk County	-	5	2	EE	(D)	(D)		(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	
12 122	Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining	-	1 1	1	EE	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	
	Tarrant County	-	12		.2	4.6	.2	.3	3.4	11.3	6.1	16.3	
14	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Sand and gravel	-	11 9	3 1	AA AA	(D)	(D)	(8)	(8)	(B)	(D)	(D)	

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[Data for the crude petroleum and naturel gas and mining services industries were not collected by county in 1987 and are not included with the deta shown by county. For meening of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanetion of terms, see appendixes]

П				nents during ear	All emp	loyees	Production expl	n, developm oretion work	ent, and ers		Cost of supplies used,		
SIC	Geographic area and industry group	E1	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Peyroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchesed machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)
	Texas—Con. Teylor County	E4	7	2	.1	3.1	.1	.2	2.1	6.5	4.3	10.3	.5
14 142	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone, including riprap _	E5 E6	6 4	2 2	AA AA	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)
	Titus County	-	1	1	СС	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
12 122	Coel mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining	-	1	1	CC	(B)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)
	Travis County	E5	8	3	.1	2.3	.1	.2	1.4	5.0	2.2	6.7	.5
14	Nonmetallic minerels, except fuels	E5	7	3	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
	Upton County	-	4	2	.1	3.7	.1	.2	3.1	20.1	65.7	84.8	1.0
13 132	Oll and gas extraction	-	4 4	2 2	.1	3.7 3.7		. 2 .2	3.1 3.1	20.1 20.1	65.7 65.7	84.8 84.8	1.0 1.0
	Uvalde County	-	6	3	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
14 149	Nonmetallic minerels, except fuels Miscellaneous nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	-	6	3	AA AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D) (D)
	Victorie County	-	4	1	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
	Wherton County	-	1	1	ВВ	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
14 147	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	=	1	1	BB BB	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Williamson County	-	10	3	ВВ	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
14 142	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone, including riprap _	-	16 4	3 3	BB AA	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Winkler County	-	7	1	.1	3.5	.1	.2	2.9	33.6	90.7	123.1	1.2
13 1 3 2	Oll and gas extractionNatural gas liquids	-	6	1	AA AA	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)
	Wise County	-	15	8	.6	15.4	.5	1.1	12.9	95.4	180.9	266.1	10.2
13 132	Oll and ges extraction Natural gas liquids	-	4	2 2		4.1 4.1	.1	.3 .3	4.0 4.0	68.1 68.1	(D) (D)	223.6 223.6	(D) (D)
14 142 144	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone, including riprap _ Sand and gravel	E1 E5	11 7 4	6 5 1	.5 .4 .1	11.3 9.1 2.2	.4 .3 .1	.8 .7 .2	8.9 7.2 1.7	27.3 20.2 7.1	(D) (D) 3.3	42.5 32.7 9.8	(D) (D) .5
	Yoekum County	-	3	1	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
13 132	Oll end gas extrection Natural gas liquids	-	2 2	1	AA AA	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D)	(D) (D)
	Offshore	-	130	37	5.4	165.7	4.0	9.1	116.8	1 552.6	437.5	1 739.6	250.5
13 131 138	Oil and gas extrection	-	130 27 103	37 9 28	5.4 .7 4.7	165.7 28.0 137.7	4.0 .5 3.6	9.1 1.1 8.0	116.8 17.7 99.1	1 552.6 1 236.6 316.0	437.5 302.7 134.8	1 739.6 1 315.3 424.2	250.5 223.9 26.6

"Payroll and sales data for some small single unit companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate items shown for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a amaid manner of the property of the p

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Geographic area and employment-	All			Oil and	Non- metallic	Geographic area and employment-	All			Oil and	Non- metallic
size class ¹	mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	minerals mining (SIC 14)	size class ¹	mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	minerals mining (SIC 14)
Texas	8 022	34	28	7 643	317	Texas—Con.					
0 to 4 employees5 to 9 employees	4 503 1 298	11	11 3	4 391 1 226	90	Carson	4	-	-	3	1
5 to 9 employees	970	11 8	3 2	1 226 878	58 82	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	3			2	1
20 to 49 employees 50 to 99 employees	730 280	8 2 2		672 256	55 21	Cass	2			2	
100 to 249 employees	132	-	4	119	9	0 to 19 employees	_ 1	_	-	- 1	
250 to 499 employees	60 29		4	54 28	2	20 to 99 employees	i			1	
500 to 999 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees	20	-	i	19	-	Chambers	5	_	_	5	
Anderson	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	1		_	1	1
20 to 99 employees	1	-	_	_	1	20 to 99 employees	4	-	-	4	-
Andrews	6	_	_	6	_	Cherokee	2	1	-	1	_
0 to 19 employees	2			2		0 to 19 employees	2	1	_	1	_
20 to 99 employees	4		-	4	-	Coke	4			3	
Angelina	1	-	_	_	1	0 to 19 employees	2	-	- 1	3	
0 to 19 employees	1	_	_	_	1	20 to 99 employees	2	-1	-	2	- 1
	2				·	Coleman	2	_	_		
Archer	_	-	-	2	-	0 to 19 employees	2			- 1	
0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	2	-		-	_	_		
Atascosa	1	-	-	1	-	Collin	1.	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1
Austin	1	-	-	_	1	Colorado	13	-	-	2	- 11
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	9	-	-		8
Bastrop	2	_	1	_	1	20 to 99 employees	4	-	-	١,	3
0 to 19 employees	2		- 1		i ;	Comal	1.	-	-	-	1
	_ 1	-	'			100 to 249 employees	1	-	-1	-	1
Bee	2	-	-	2	-	Comanche	1	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	2	-	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1
Bell	3	-	- [-	3	Cooke	2	_	_	1	
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	2		_		
20 to 99 employees	2	-	-	-	2						•
Bexar	26	2	2	6	16	Crane	5	-	-	5	-
0 to 19 employees	21	2	2	5	12	0 to 19 employees	2 2			2 2	
20 to 99 employees	5	-	-			20 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees	ĩ	-	-	1	-
Blanco	1	-	-	-	1	Crockett	3	-	-	3	_
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	3	-	_	3	_
Bowie	1	-	-	-	1	Culberson	2	_	_		2
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1	20 to 99 employees	1		_		1
Brazoria	8	1	-	3	4	250 employees or more	i	-	- :	-	i
0 to 19 employees		1	_	1	4	Dallas	33	4	3	1	25
20 to 99 employees	6 2	-	-	2	-	0 to 19 employees	26	3	2	1	20
Brazos	6	-	-	5	1	20 to 99 employees	7	ĭ	ī	-	5
0 to 19 employees	6	-1	-	5	1	Dawson	1	-	-	- 1	-
Brewster			_		1	0 to 19 employees	1	-	_	1	_
		-	-	_	1	Deaf Smith	2				,
0 to 19 employees		_	-	_		0 to 19 employees	1	-		- [1
Brooks	2	-	-	2	-	20 to 99 employees	i				i
0 to 19 employees	2	- 1	- 1	2	-	Denton	8	_	_	2	6
Brown	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	8	_	_	2	6
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1		-	-		1	1
Burleson	2	-	-	1	1	De Witt	2	-	-	'	
0 to 19 employees	2	_	_	1	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1		_	1	1
Burnet	7				7	Dimmit	2			2	
0 to 19 employees	<u>'</u>	-	_	-		0 to 19 employees	2	_	-	2	
20 to 99 employees	3	-	-	-	3			_	-		
Caldwell	2			1	1	Duval	7	5	-	2	-
0 to 19 employees	2			1	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	6	4		2	1
	1	_			'			· ·			
Calhoun	1	-	-	1	-	Eastland	8	-	-	6	2
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	4	-	-	4 2	-
Callahan	1	-	-	1	-	20 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees	3	_	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-		9		_	8	
Cameron	1	_	_	1	_	Ector	9	-	_	3 5	
						0 to 19 employees	4				- 1

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and symbols, see introductory text.	For explanat	ion of terms,	see append	ixes]		county in 1987 and are not included					
Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)	Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)
Texas—Con.	3				3	Texas—Con. Harrison	4		2	2	2
0 to 19 employees	3	_	_	_	3	0 to 19 employees	2	-	1	1	_
El Paso	4	-	1	-	3	20 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees	1		- 1	1 -	
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	3	-	1	-	2	Hays	2	-	-	-	2
Erath	4	_	_	3	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	4	-	-	3	1	Hemphill	6	_	-	6	_
Fannin	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	5	-	-	5	-
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1	Henderson	6			4	- 2
Fayette	7	-	-	3 2	3	0 to 19 employees	4	_	-	2 2	2
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2	-	Ξ.	1	1	20 to 99 employees	2	-	-		_
Fisher	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	7 5	-	-	4	3
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-	20 to 99 employees	5 2	-	-		ż
O to 19 employees	4	-	_	1	3 2	Hockley	4	-	-	4	-
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1	=	=	-	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	3 1		-	3 1	Ξ
Franklin	1	-	-	1	-	Hood	6	-	-	2	4
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	1	_	0 to 19 employees	6	-	-	2	4
Freestone	3		1	1	1	Hopkins	3	-	1	2	-
20 to 99 employees 250 employees or more	1		-	Ė	1	0 to 19 employees 100 to 249 employees	1	Ξ.	ī	2 -	Ξ
Frio	2	_		2	_	Houston	2	-	-	2	-
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	2	-
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	1		Howard	2	-	-	1	1
Gaines20 to 99 employees	3	-	_	2	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1 1	_	-	1	1 -
Galveston	4	_	_	2	2	Hudspeth	1	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	3	-	-	2	1	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	- [1
20 to 99 employees	,	-	-		'	Hunt	1	-	-	-	1
Garza 0 to 19 employees	1	-	_	1	_	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1
Gillesple	2	-	_	-	2	Hutchinson	6	- 1	-	5	1
0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	-	2	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	3	-	-	2 3	1
Gonzales	2	-	-	1	1	Irlon	2	_	_	2	_
0 to 19 employees 100 to 249 employees	1		_	1 -	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	1	-
Gray	6	-	-	6	-		1	-	-	1	-
0 to 19 employees	6	-	-	6	-	Jack	1	-	-	1	-
Grayson	4	-	-	2	2	Jackson		_	-		_
0 to 19 employees	4	-		2	2	20 to 99 employees	1	_	-	- 1	_
O to 19 employees	3	-	1	2]	Jasper		_	_		1
20 to 99 employees	3	-	-	3	-	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	_	1
O to 10 ample and	1	-	1	-	-	Jefferson	8	_	_	4	4
0 to 19 employees		_		-]	0 to 19 employees	7	-	-	4	3
0 to 19 employees	1	-	_	1	_	20 to 99 employees	1	-	-		1
Hansford	1	-	-	1	_	Jim Weils	4	-	-	4	-
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	3 1	=
Hardeman	1	-	-	1	-	Johnson	3	-	-	-	3
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	_	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2	-	_	-	2
0 to 19 employees	4	-	-	2	2 2	Jones	1	_	_	1	
20 to 99 employees	1 -	-	-	i	-	0 to 19 employees	1	_	_	1	-
Harris	45	3	2	14	26	Karnes	4	2	-	2	-
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees	30 10	3 -	- 2	8 3 3	19 7	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	3	1	-	2	-
100 to 249 employees	5	-	2	3	-	1 20 to 99 employees I	1 1	11	-1	-1	-

[Data for the crude prtroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by county in 1987 and are not included with the data shown by county. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)	Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	More metall minera minir (SIC 1-
Texas—Con. Kaufman	4	1	_	_	3	Texas—Con. Medina	1		_	_	
to 19 employees	3	1	-	=	2	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	
Kendall	- 1		_	_	1	Midland	11	-	-	9	
to 19 employees	1	-	_	_	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	8			6 3	
Kenedy	2	-	-	2	-	Milam	2	-	1	1	
to 19 employees	2	-	-	2	-	0 to 19 employees 250 employees or more	1	-	-	1	
Kent	1	-	-	1	-	Montgomery	8	_		4	
to 19 employees	1	-	-1	1	-	0 to 19 employees	6	_	-	2 2	
King	1	-	- 1	1	-	20 to 99 employees	2	-	-		
to 19 employees	4	1	_	,	1	0 to 19 employees	7	-	-	7	
to 19 employees	3	1	_	1	1	20 to 99 employees	2	-		5 2	
to 19 employees 00 to 249 employees	1		-	1	-	Navarro	2	-	-	-	
Knox	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	-	
to 19 employees	1	-	-1	1		Newton	1	-	-	-	
to 19 employees	2	-	-		2	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	
0 to 99 employees	- 1	-	-	=	i	Nolan	1	-		1	
Lampasas	2	-	-	-	2	Nueces	13	1		9	
to 19 employees	2	-	-	-	2	0 to 19 employees	11	1	-	8	
Lavaca	2	-	-	2	-	20 to 99 employees	2	-	-	1	
to 19 employees to 99 employees	- 1	Ξ	=	1	=	Ochiltree	1	-	-	1	
Leon	1	-	1	-	-	0 to 19 employees	3	-	-		
60 employees or more	1	-	1	-	-	O to 19 employees	3	_	-	1	
Liberty	4	-	-	1	3	Palo Pinto	6	_	_	4	
to 19 employees	4	-	-	1	3	0 to 19 employees	6	-	-	4	
Limestone 00 to 249 employees	2 2	-	- [2 2	Panola	4	1	1	1	
Lipscomb	1	_	- [1	_	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	3	1	1	- 1	
to 19 employees	- 1	-		1	_	Parker	6	_		2	
Live Oak	8	2	_	5	1	0 to 19 employees	4	_	-	1	
to 19 employees	7	1	-	5	1	20 to 99 employees	2		-	1	
to 99 employees	1	1	-	-		Pecos	10 9	-	-	8	
to 19 employees	1	-	- 1	-	1	0 to 19 employees	1	Ξ,		1	
Lubbock	3	_	_	_	3	Polk	2	-	-	1	
to 19 employees	2	-	-	_	2	0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	1	
to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1	Potter	4	-	-	2	
McCullochto 19 employees	4	-	-	-	4	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2 2		-	2	
to 99 employees	2 2	-1	=	=	2	Presidio	1	1	-	-	
McLennan	5	-	-	-	5	0 to 19 employees	1	1	-	-	
to 99 employees	5	-	-	-	5	Randall	2	-	-	-	
McMullen	3	1	-	2	-	0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	-	
to 19 employees	3 2	1		2	_	Reagan	2	-	-	2	
Madisonto 19 employees	2		- 1	2	_	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1	-	= 1	- 1	
Marion	1		_	1	_	Reeves	2	_	_	1	
to 19 employees	1	_	_	1		0 to 19 employees	2	_	_	1	
Martin	1		_	1	_	Refugio	1	_	_	1	
to 19 employees	1	_	_	1	_	20 to 99 employees	1	_	_	1	
Matagorda	2	_	_	2	_	Robertson	1	_	_	-	
to 19 employees	2	_	_	2		0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	_	
						Rockwall					

Data for the crude prtroleum and natural gas and mining services industries were not collected by county in 1987 and are not included with the data shown by county. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)	Geographic area and employment- size class ¹	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)
Texas—Con. Rusk	5		1	3	1	Texas—Con. Van Zandt	3	_	_	3	=
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees 250 employees or more	3 1	=		2	1 -	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1 2	Ξ	Ξ	1 2	Ξ
	7			6	1	Victorla	4	-	-	1	3
San Patricio	7	_	-	6	1	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	3		Ξ	1 -	2 1
San Saba	1	-	-	-	1	Walker	2	-	-	-	2
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1
Schleicher	2	-	-	2	-	20 to 99 employees	1	-	_		
20 to 99 employees	2	-	-	2	-	Waller 20 to 99 employees	1	_	_	1	_
Scurry	3	-	-	3	-		6				
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	1 2		-	1 2		0 to 19 employees	6			4	2
Shackelford	1		_	1	_	Washington	1				_
0 to 19 employees	1	_	_	1	_	20 to 99 employees			_	1	_
Smith	2	_	_			Webb	5	2		٠	_
0 to 19 employees	2	_	_	1	1	0 to 19 employees	4	2		2	_
Starr	2	_ [_			20 to 99 employees	i	=	1	=	-
20 to 99 employees	2			1	1	Wharton	1	-	-	-	1
Stephens	5	_	1	3		250 employees or more	1	-	-	-	1
0 to 19 employees	5	_	1	3	1	Wheeler	1	-	-	1	-
Sterling	3	_		3	_	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-
0 to 19 employees	3	_	_	3	_	Wichita	2	-	1	1	-
Stonewall	1	_	_	1	_	0 to 19 employees	2	-	1	1	-
0 to 19 employees	1	_	- 1	1	_	Wilbarger	2	-	-	2	-
Sutton	5	_	_	5	_	0 to 19 employees	2	-	-	2	-
0 to 19 employees	4	-	_	4	_	Willacy	1	-	-	1	-
20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	1	-	0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	1	-
Tarrant	12	1	-	-	11	Williamson	10	-	-	-	10
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	9 2	1	-	_	8 2	0 to 19 employees	7 2			-	7 2
100 to 249 employees	ī	-	-	-	1	20 to 99 employees	1	-	-	-	1
Taylor	7	-	-	1	6	Winkler	7	-	-	6	1
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	5 2	-	-	1	4 2	0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	6	_	_	5	1 -
Terry	2				1	Wise	15		_	ا ا	11
20 to 99 employees	2	_	_ [1	1	0 to 19 employees		_	_	,	5
Throckmorton	1	_	_			20 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees	7 7 1		-	2 2	5
0 to 19 employees	1	_	_	_	1	Wood	4	_	_	3	
Titus	1	_	1	_	_	0 to 19 employees	3	_	_	2	1
250 employees or more	1	~	1	_	_	20 to 99 employees	ĭ	-	-	1	-
Tom Green	4	_	_	3	1	Yoakum	3	-	-	2	1
0 to 19 employees	4	_	_	3	1	0 to 19 employees 100 to 249 employees	2	-	-	1	1
Travis	8	_	- 1	_	7	Young	4	_	_	3	
0 to 19 employees	5	-	1	-	4	0 to 19 employees	4		-	3	1
20 to 99 employees	3	-	-	-	3					ŭ	· ·
Trinity	1	-	-	-	1	Zapata	1	-	-		-
0 to 19 employees	1	-	-	-	1	0 to 19 employees	· ·	_	_	1	-
Upton	4	-	-	4	-	Offshore	130	-	-	130	-
0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	2 2			2 2		0 to 19 employees 20 to 99 employees	93 28	_	Ξ	93 28	
Uvalde	6	_	_	_	6	20 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees 250 employees or more	5 4	_	_	5 4	
0 to 19 employees	3	_	_	-	3						
20 to 99 employees	2			-	2	Undistributed	7 200	5	4	7 182	9
Val Verde	1	_	_	_	1	0 to 19 employees	6 179 815	5	3 -	6 162 815	9
20 to 99 employees	1				1	100 to 249 employees 250 employees or more	108 98		1	108 97	-

Data for crude petroleum and natural gas and mining services industries are excluded from the individual counties and shown at the end of the table as "undistributed."



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Northern Gulf of Mexico

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⁻⁻ Not applicable for this report.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The total value of shipments and receipts for the 32 establishments classified in mineral industries in the Northern Gulf of Mexico was \$1.4 billion in 1987, compared to \$2.2 billion in 1982. Value added by mining amounted to \$252.3 million in 1987, and payroll in mining amounted to \$115.5 million. All dollar figures shown are in current dollars for the years specified and have not been adjusted

for changes in price levels. When making comparisons to prior years, users should take into consideration the inflation that has occurred.

Mineral industries employment in the Northern Gulf of Mexico was 3.4 thousand in 1987. This is an increase of 6 percent from 1982. Oil and gas extraction was the only mineral industry in the area.

Table 1. Historical Statistics for Offshore Areas Not Associated With a State: 1987 and **Earlier Census Years**

(For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes)

		Establishments during year		All em	All employees		Production, development, and exploration workers			Cost of supplies		
Year		Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchased machinery installed, etc. (million dollars)	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)
	1987 1982 1977 1972	32 41 34 (NA)	25 22 17 (NA)	3.4 3.2 2.7 (NA)	115.5 95.4 44.7 (NA)	2.9 2.4 2.4 (NA)	6.3 5.4 5.7 (NA)	93.1 67.1 39.2 (NA)	252.3 2 218.2 232.0 (NA)	(D) 706.6 215.9 (NA)	1 449.0 2 191.0 243.3 (NA)	(D) 733.9 204.6 (NA)

Table 2a. Mineral Establishment Statistics by Industry for Offshore Areas Not Associated With a State: 1987 and 1982

Indus	dustries and industry groups with 100 employees or more are shown. For meaning or abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes														
			1987											1982	
010	Industry group and industry		Establishments during year		All employees		Production, development, exploration workers			Cost of supplies used.					
SIC		E1	Total (number)	With 20 employees or more (number)	Number ² (1,000)	Payroll (million dollars)	Number (1,000)	Hours (millions)	Wages (million dollars)	Value added by mining (million dollars)	purchased machinery installed,	Value of shipments and receipts (million dollars)	Capital expendi- tures (million dollars)	All em- ployees ² (1,000)	Value added by mining (million dollars)
	All Industries	-	32	25	3.4	115.5	2.9	6.3	93.1	252.3	(D)	1 449.0	(D)	3.2	2 218.2
13	Oll and gas extraction	-	32	25	3.4	115.5	2.9	6.3	93.1	252.3	(D)	1 449.0	(D)	3.2	2 218.2
131 1311	Crude petroleum and natural gas Crude petroleum and natural gas	=	5 5	2 2	CC CC	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	1.1 1.1	1 988.2 1 988.2
138 1381 1382	Oil and gas field services Drilling oil and gas wells Oil and gas field exploration	-	27 19	23 18	FF EE	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	(D) (D)	2.1 EE	230.0 (D)
1302	services	-	3	2	AA	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	ВВ	(D)

1Payroll and sales data for some small single unit companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies after than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate items shown for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where establishments. This technique was also used for a small cutoff of the stablishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where stablishments and the stablishment is a few or the stablishments and industry groups are withhelf to avoid disclosing data for individual companies. However, for such industries and industry groups with 100 employees or more, umber of establishments is shown and employment-size range is indicated by one of the following symbols: AA—100 to 249 employees, EF=2,500 to 499 employees, CC—500 to 999 employees; EE=1,500 to 2499 employees, FF=2,500 to 499 employees.

Mining Activities of Manufacturing Establishments With Associated Mines by Industry for Offshore Areas Not Associated With a State: 1987

[Not applicable]

Table 3. Selected Statistics by Type of Operation and Industry Group for Offshore Areas Not Associated With a State: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

				Producing establishments										
					Mine	s only		Mi	nes with pre	paration pla	nts			
SIC code	Industry group and item	All types of estab- lishments	Total	Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines		Total	Under- ground mines	Open pit mines	Combina- tion and other methods	Sepa- rately operated prepara- tion plants	Undistri- buted ¹	Nonpro- ducing estab- lishments
	ALL INDUSTRIES													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000	32 3.4	29 (D)	2 (D)	-	Ξ	2 (D)	_	_	=	Ξ	-	27 (D)	3 (D)
	Value added in mining mil dol	252.3	(D)	(D)	-	-	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	(D)	(D)
13	OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION													
	Establishments number Employees 1,000	32 3.4	29 (D)	2 (D)	=	_	2 (D)	_	Ξ	Ξ	_	=	27 (D)	3 (D)
	Value added in mining mil dol	252.3	(D)	(D)	-	-	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	(D)	(D)
131	CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_	5 (D)	2 (D)	2 (D)	_	-	(D)	-	-			-	-	3 (D)
	Value added in mining mil dol	(D)	(D)	(D)	-	-	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(D)
138	OIL AND GAS FIELD SERVICES													
	Establishments number_ Employees 1,000_	27 (D)	27 (D)	Ξ	=	=	=	=	_	=	Ξ	=	27 (D)	2
	Value added in mining mil dol	(D)	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(D)	_

^{*}Includes data for separately operated auxiliary establishments in addition to establishments that were not possible to classify based on the information available.

Table 4. Summary Statistics for Offshore Areas Not Associated With a State: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Item	1987	Item	1987
Establishments during yearnumber With 0 to 19 employeesdo With 20 to 99 employeesdo	32 7 15	Cost of suppliesmil dol Supplies used, minerals received, and purchased machinery installed do do do	(D) 1 268.7 (D) 5.3
With 100 employees or more	10	Purchased fuels consumeddo	
All employees: Average for year	3.4 115.5	Quantity mil kWh Cost mil dol_ Flexific pergy generated less sold mil kWh	11.3 .5
Production, development, and exploration workers:		Electric energy generated less sold mil kWh_ Contract workmil dol_	(D) (D)
Average for year1,000	2.9 2.6	Cost of purchased communication services do	1.4
May do. August do. November do.	2.8 3.0 3.3	Value of shipments and receipts	1 449.0 (D)
Hoursmillions	6.3	Capital expenditures during year (except land and mineral rights) do New capital expenditures during year do	(D) (D) (D) 33.7
January to March do April to June do	1.4 1.5 1.6	New capital expenditures during year do_ Buildings and other structures, except land do_ Machinery and equipment do_	(D) 33.7
July to September do October to December do	1.7	Used capital expenditures during year	21.3
Wagesmil dol.	93.1	Machinery and equipmentdo	(Z) 21.3
Supplemental labor costs not included in payroll do Legally required expenditures, including Social Security contributions do Payments for voluntary programs do.	28.0 15.3 12.8	Mineral exploration and development ¹	30.0 36.7
Value added by mining do	252.3	Rental payments during yeardo	36.7 2.7 34.0
Inventories, beginning of 1987	17.7 18.2	Expensed mineral exploration, development, land, and rights ¹ 2	(D)

¹Excludes data for mining services industries and natural gas liquids industries where data were not collected.
²Excludes data for mineral land and rights for the crude petroleum and natural gas industries where data were not collected.

Table 5. Industry Group Statistics for Offshore Areas Not Associated With a State: 1987

[Not applicable]

Table 6. Number of Mineral Establishments in Major Groups by Employment-Size Class for Offshore Areas Not Associated With a State: 1987

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Geographic area and employment- size class	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)	Geographic area and employment- size class	All mineral indus- tries	Metal mining (SIC 10)	Coal mining (SIC 12)	Oil and gas ex- traction (SIC 13)	Non- metallic minerals mining (SIC 14)
Northern Gulf of Mexico	32	-	-	32	-	Northern Gulf of Mexico—Con. 50 to 99 employees	4	_	_	4	_
5 to 9 employees 10 to 19 employees 20 to 49 employees	1 1 11	=	=	11	=	100 to 249 employees	5 4 1	- i	-	5 4 1	-



APPENDIX A. Explanation of Terms

Employment and related items—The report forms requested separate information on production, development, and exploration workers for a specific payroll period within each quarter of the year and on other employees as of the payroll period which included the 12th of March.

All employees-This item includes all full-time and part-time employees on the payrolls of mining establishments during any part of the pay period which included the 12th of the months specified on the report form. Included are all persons on paid sick leave, paid holidays, and paid vacations during these pay periods. Also included are employees working for miners paid on a per ton, car, or vard basis. Excluded are employees at the mine but on the payroll of another employer (such as employees of contractors) and employees at company stores, boarding houses, bunk houses, and recreational centers. Also excluded are members of the Armed Forces and pensioners carried on the active rolls but not working during the period. Officers of corporations are included as employees; proprietors and partners of unincorporated firms are excluded.

Production, development, and exploration workers-This item includes employees (up through the working-supervisor level) engaged in manual work (using tools, operating machines, hauling materials, loading and hauling products out of the mine in mine cars or trucks, and caring for mines, plants, mills, shops, or yards). Included are exploration work, mine development, storage, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial, and guard services, auxiliary production for use at establishments (such as power plant), record keeping, and other services closely associated with these production and development operations at the establishment covered by the report. Gang and straw bosses and supervisors who performed manual labor are included. as are employees paid on either a time- or piece-rate basis. Also included are miners paid on a per ton, car, or yard basis and persons engaged by them and paid out of the total amount received by these miners. In addition, other employees at the establishment but not on its payroll are included if paid directly through its own employees, such as superintendents and supervisors. The payments received by these types of employees are included as part of the establishments payroll. Employees above the working-supervisor level are excluded from this category.

All other employees—This item covers nonproduction employees of the establishment including those

engaged in the following activities: supervision above the working-supervisor level, sales, highway trucking (by employees not entering mines or pits), advertising, credit, collection, clerical and routine office functions, executive, purchasing, financing, legal, personnel (including cafeteria and medical), professional (such as engineers and geologists), and technical activities. Also included are employees on the payroll of the establishment engaged in the construction of major additions or alterations to the plant and utilized as a separate work force. (Workers engaged in regular maintenance and repair operations are not included here but are classified as production, development, and exploration workers.)

Separately operated auxiliary establishments employees—This item includes employment at separate central administrative offices or auxiliary units of multiestablishment companies and at those offices or units servicing more than one establishment during the payroll period which included March 12. Establishments are classified on the basis of the industry or principal industry served. Employees at an office located at or near the mining establishment are usually included in the mine report.

All employees, average for year—The 1987 census report form requested employment figures for production, development, and exploration workers for four selected pay periods (mid-March, May, August, and November). For all other employees, only a mid-March figure was requested. The annual average is an average of the four monthly figures for production, development, and exploration workers plus the March figure for all other employees. This approach was used to simplify the schedule format and lighten the reporting burden of respondents, since it was found that the average of these selected pay periods closely approximates, for most industries, the average employment for the year that would be obtained from 12 monthly pay periods.

Payroll—This item includes the gross earnings of all employees on the payroll of mining establishments paid in the calendar year 1987. Respondents were told that in reporting they could follow the definition of payroll used for calculating the Federal withholding tax. It includes all forms of compensation such as salaries, wages, commissions, payments received on a ton, car, or yard basis, dismissal pay, bonuses, vacation and sick leave pay, and compensation in kind, prior to such deductions as employees' Social Security contributions, withholding taxes, group

insurance, union dues, and savings bonds. The total includes salaries of officers of corporations; it excludes payments to the proprietor or partners of unincorporated concerns, and payments to members of Armed Forces and pensioners carried on the active payroll of mining establishments. Also excluded are royalty payments to unions and costs of smithing, explosives, fuses, electric cap lamps, and mine supplies used in production and development work but charged to employees and deducted from their wages.

As in the case of employment and establishment figures, the annual payrolls of separate auxiliary establishments of multiestablishment companies are included in the totals for individual industries and for States.

Production-, development-, and exploration-worker hours—This item represents all hours that production, development, and exploration workers worked, both on active days during which there was production or development work and on inactive days when only security guards, inspectors, repair persons, and other maintenance persons were on duty. It includes all hours worked or paid for at the mining operations, except hours paid for vacations, holidays, or sick leave, when the employee was not at the establishment. Included are actual overtime hours, not straight time equivalent hours. Hours of working proprietors or partners are excluded.

Supplemental labor costs—This item represents employer's cost for fringe benefits not included in payrolls.

Legally required expenditures, including Social Security contributions—This cost includes employer contributions for all programs required under Federal and State legislation, such as Federal Old Age and Survivors' Insurance, unemployment compensation, and worker's compensation. Also included are legally required State temporary disability payments.

Payments for voluntary programs—Included in this cost are payments resulting from union negotiated contracts and all employer payments of insurance premiums on hospital and medical plans, life insurance premiums, and premiums on supplementary accident and sickness insurance. For programs supported by joint employer-employee contributions, only the employer payments are included. Also included are payments or allocations on all pension plans regardless of methods of administration, supplemental unemployment compensation plans, welfare plans, stock purchase plans in which the employer payment is not subject to withholding tax, and deferred profit sharing plans.

Value added by mining—This measure of mining activity is derived by subtracting the cost of supplies, minerals received for preparation, purchased machinery installed, purchased fuel, purchased electricity, and contract work from the sum of the value of shipments (mining

products plus receipts for services rendered) and total capital expenditures. This statistic avoids the duplication in value of shipments and receipts which results from the use of products of some establishments as supplies, energy sources, or materials by others. Moreover, it provides a measure of value added not only in mineral production but also in the development of mineral properties. For these reasons, it is considered to be the best value measure for comparing the relative economic importance of mining among industries and geographic areas.

Cost of supplies used, purchased machinery installed, etc.—Besides supplies used and purchased machinery installed, this cost includes fuels and electric energy used and contract work done by others for each establishment. It includes charges to both the current and capital accounts. It also includes the cost of items used during 1987 whether they were purchased, withdrawn from inventories, or received from other establishments of the company. For selected supplies and fuels and for electric energy, both quantity and cost data were requested. The cost data refer to direct charges actually paid or payable (after discounts) for items used during the year. Freight charges and other direct charges incurred by the establishment in acquiring the item are included. Companies whose records did not show actual amounts used were asked to approximate use by adding purchases (or receipts) during the year to opening inventory and subtracting closing inventory. Separate figures were requested for (1) selected supplies used, minerals received for preparation, and purchased machinery installed; (2) electric energy purchased; (3) purchased fuels used for heat, power, or the generation of electricity; (4) contract work done by others; and (5) products bought and resold in the same condition. Supplies and equipment used in mine development, plant expansion, and capitalized repairs, which are chargeable to fixed assets accounts, are included in this item, as are supplies furnished without charge to contractors for use at the mining operation and supplies sold to employees for use at the establishment. Excluded are such costs as advertising, insurance, telephone, and research and consulting services of other establishments or such overhead costs as depreciation charges, rent, interest, and royalties.

Value of shipments and receipts— The amounts shown as value of shipments and receipts for each industry and State are the net selling values, f.o.b. mine or plant after discounts and allowances, excluding freight charges. Shipments includes all products physically shipped from the establishment during 1987, including material withdrawn from stockpiles and products shipped on consignment, whether or not sold in 1987. Prepared material or concentrates includes preparation from ores mined at the same establishment, purchased, received from other operations of the same company, or received for milling on a custom or toll basis. For products transferred to other establishments of the same company or prepared on a custom basis, companies were requested to report the

estimated value, not merely the cost of producing the items. Multiestablishment companies were asked to report value information for each establishment as if it were a separate economic unit. They were instructed to report the value of all products transferred to other plants of the company at their full economic value; to include, in addition to direct cost of production, a reasonable proportion of company overhead and profits.

For all establishments classified in an industry, value of shipments and receipts includes (1) the value of all primary products of the industry, (2) the value of secondary products which are primary to other industries, (3) the receipts for contract work done for others, except custom milling, and (4) the value of products purchased and resold without further processing. Receipts for custom milling are not included to avoid duplication with the value of custom milled ores included in an industry's primary and secondary products.

Some duplication exists in industry and industry group totals because of the inclusion of materials transferred from one establishment to another for mineral preparation or resale.

Capital expenditures—This item covers expenditures made during the year for development and exploration of mineral properties, for new construction, and for purchased machinery chargeable to fixed assets accounts of the mineral establishment. They are the type for which depreciation, depletion, or Office of Minerals Exploration accounts are ordinarily maintained. Capital expenditures during 1987 were determined as "additions completed during the year plus construction in progress at the end of the year minus construction in progress at the beginning of the year." Reported capital expenditures includes work done on contract, as well as by the mine forces. Expenditures for machinery and equipment includes those made for replacement purposes, as well as those for additions to capacity. Excluded from these expenditures were costs of maintenance and repairs charged as current operating expense and expenditures for land and mineral rights.

Whenever applicable, separate figures were provided for expenditures for development and exploration of mineral property, construction of preparation plants and other construction, new machinery and equipment, used plant, and used equipment acquired from others.

Rental payments—This item consists of rental payments made to other companies for use of such depreciable assets as buildings, other structures, machinery, and equipment. It does not include payments made to the parent company or another subsidiary of the parent company for the use of buildings and equipment owned by the parent company or its subsidiary. The value of such company-owned assets is included in the gross value of depreciable assets.

For 1987, a clarification was made to the instructions for rental payments to indicate that the equipment should be reported according to the type of lease negotiated with the lessor. If the lease qualified as an "operating lease" the periodic payments made to the producer or the lessor should be reported in the rental section. However, if the leasing arrangement met the criteria set down by the Financial Accounting Standards Board for a "capital lease", the original cost or market value of the equipment or building was to be reported as a value of fixed assets and not as rental payments.

Current account expenditures—This item includes all expenses for mineral properties, exploration, and development charged to current accounts. This includes all supplies, machinery, equipment, parts, fuels, power, etc., used for development or exploration and charged to current operating expenses. Also included are royalty payments, acquisition costs for mineral land and rights which were not capitalized, and the cost of maintenance and repairs associated with exploration or development activity and charged to current accounts.

Inventories—This item includes inventories of mined or quarried products and supplies, parts, fuels, etc., at the beginning and end of the year. Included as mined or quarried products are stockpiles of products ready for shipment and stocks of raw products awaiting treatment or beneficiation. Beginning in the 1982 Census of Mineral Industries, all respondents were requested to report their inventories at (the lower of) cost or market prior to adjustment to LIFO cost. This is a change from the 1977 census in which respondents were permitted to value their inventories using any generally accepted accounting method. The inventory figures for 1987 and 1982, therefore, will not be comparable to prior census data because of the change in reporting instructions.





APPENDIX B. Geographic Divisions and States

NEW ENGLAND STATES

Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire

Rhode Island Vermont Atlantic Offshore

MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES

New Jersey New York Pennsylvania

EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin

WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota

Iowa

SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES

Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia

SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES-Con.

Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia

EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES

Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee

WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES

Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas Northern Gulf of Mexico Offshore

MOUNTAIN STATES

Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming

PACIFIC STATES

Alaska
California
Hawaii
Oregon
Washington
Pacific Offshore

PUBLICATION PROGRAM

1987 CENSUS OF MINERAL INDUSTRIES

Publications of the 1987 Census of Mineral Industries, conaining data on establishments primarily engaged in the extraction of minerals, are described below. Publications order forms or the specific reports may be obtained from any Department of Commerce district office or from Data User Services Division, Customer Services (Publications), Bureau of the Census, Washngton, DC 20233.

Preliminary Reports

ndustry series-12 reports (MIC87-I-10A(P) to -14E(P))

Preliminary data from the 1987 census are issued in 12 separate reports covering 31 mineral industries. Preliminary summary data for the U.S. and States are released in one report.

Final Reports

ndustry series—12 reports (MIC87-I-10A to -14E)

Each of the 12 reports provides information for an industry or I group of related industries (e.g., clay, ceramic, and refractory ninerals). Final figures for the United States are shown for each of 31 mineral industries on quantity and value of products thipped and supplies used; inventories; quantity and cost of fuels und electric energy purchased, and the quantities of fuels produced and consumed; capital expenditures; assets; rents; employment; depreciation, amortization and depletion; payrolls; hours vorked; cost of purchased machinery; value added by mining; nineral development and exploration costs; number of establishnents; and number of companies. Comparative statistics for arlier years are included. Industry statistics are shown by State, ype of operation, and size of establishment.

Reographic area series—9 reports (MIC87-A-1 to -9)

A separate report for each of the nine geographic divisions resents statistics for individual States for two- and three-digit dustry groups by type of operation and by county. Also, data are hown for value of shipments, value added by mining, employnent, payroll, hours worked, capital expenditures, cost of sup-lies, etc., purchased machinery installed, and number of mining stablishments, with comparative 1982 data on employment and alue added by mining.

Subject series-2 reports (MIC87-S-1 to -2)

One of these reports is a general National-level summary; the other report contains detailed statistics on fuels and electric energy consumed by mineral industries.

Reference series-1 report (MC87-R-1)

The Numerical List of Manufactured and Mineral Products includes a description of the principal products and services published in the 1987 Censuses of Manufactures and Mineral Industries

MICROFICHE

Every final published report in the 1987 Census of Mineral Industries will be available on microfiche.

PUBLIC-USE COMPUTER TAPES AND COMPACT DISCS

Data from the final industry series, and geographic area series will be available on public-use computer tapes and compact discs-read only memory (CD-ROM). These tapes will provide the same information found in the final reports. Computerized data products are available for users who wish to summarize, rearrange, or process large amounts of data. These products, with corresponding technical documentation, are sold by Data User Services Division, Customer Services (Tapes), Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

OTHER ECONOMIC CENSUSES REPORTS

Data on retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, construction industries, manufactures, transportation, enterprise statistics, minority-owned businesses, and women-owned businesses also are available from the 1987 Economic Censuses. A separate series of reports covers the censuses of outlying areas—Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands of the United States, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands. Separate announcements describing these reports are available free of charge from Data User Services Division, Customer Services (Publications), Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.







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